

THE CATHEDRAL BURGLAR

Arrival of Detective Auble with His Prisoner.

Efforts at San Diego to Secure McDonald's Release.

Attorneys Retained and Habeas Corpus Proceedings Instituted.

The Man, So Far as Known, a Stranger in Los Angeles—He Refuses to Make Any Statement About the Affair.

Detective Auble returned from San Diego yesterday afternoon between 1 and 2 o'clock, bringing with him A. E. McDonald, the man arrested in that city Monday afternoon on a charge of having robbed the Cathedral in this city last Thursday night, a full account of which has heretofore been published.

As has been stated, Detective Auble left for San Diego Tuesday afternoon, armed with the necessary documents to bring McDonald back. The officer arrived in that city about 8 o'clock the same evening, and at once began work on the case. The local officers had done everything in their power to dig up all the evidence in sight, but, owing to the reticence of the prisoner, but little had been learned. The first clue was found by Constable Tim Monahan, who got word Monday afternoon that a man giving the name of E. McDonald and stopping at the Bay View Hotel had a considerable quantity of metal, silver and gold in his possession, some of which looked as though it belonged to the communion service of the Catholic Church. The officer at once communicated with Detective Russell and McDonald was shadowed to an assayer's office, where he had gone for the purpose of having the plates melted up and assayed. He was then taken in charge and Chief Glass of this city, notified. In the meantime it was ascertained that McDonald had been in San Diego before and had made his headquarters at Cassidy's saloon on the water front, but he had not been seen about the place for some time, and nothing could be ascertained about his associates. On the receipt of Chief Glass's telegram describing the stolen articles, and referring to Father Ubach to identify the same, that gentleman was called in, and when the plate had been positively identified as part of the vessels taken from the cathedral in this city McDonald was locked up.

The prisoner, however, in the meantime, had not been idle. He had \$52 in cash on his person when arrested, and a gold watch and chain at the time he was turned over to his friends, with whom he had managed to communicate, and they raised \$50 more. Attorneys James Callen and Len Goodwin were at once retained, and preliminary habeas corpus proceedings instituted, and Tuesday afternoon the matter came up before Judge Pierce. The judge, however, after hearing the facts, refused the writ, and McDonald was committed to jail to await the arrival of the Los Angeles officers.

Detective Auble made the trip to this city with his prisoner without incident. McDonald positively refused to talk about the case, and was evidently on his guard, being very careful not to say anything that would criminate himself. On arriving at the police station, McDonald was taken into the chief's private office and questioned at length, but still declined to talk. He said that he did not wish to be understood as being disrespectful or obstinate, but as he had paid out his money for legal advice he was going according to directions. He had been told, he said, anything by his attorneys and he did not propose to go contrary to their wishes in the matter, especially as they would be here from San Diego to defend him.

McDonald was then stripped for the purpose of a thorough examination, on which to base an accurate description. The only marks found on his body were a scar on the right arm near the elbow, and several scars on his back and hips. These, he said, were caused by bed sores, he having been sick for a long time in a hospital in New York, and officers thought the scar on the arm was caused by a knife or bullet wound, but McDonald denied that this was the case.

After the examination had been made, McDonald again put on his clothing and was taken to the cathedral by Chief Glass and Detective Auble, where a consultation was had with the bishop, the result of which could not be learned, after which McDonald was returned to the city prison and locked up.

So far the officers have been unable to place McDonald. None of the pictures or descriptions on file at the station fit him, and while one or two of the detectives are certain that they cannot remember either the time or place.

McDONALD INTERVIEWED.
McDonald was seen at the city prison last evening by a Times reporter. He says he is 43 years of age, and a native of New York, but beyond this declines to tell anything about himself. He is rather under the medium height, is neatly dressed, and from his conversation is evidently a man of more than average education. In regard to the crime with which he is charged he declined to make any statement. He said that, so far as he was concerned, he would prefer to go at once before a magistrate and have the whole matter over with, as he had no fears about the result, and would have no trouble in clearing himself. But as his attorneys would not get up from San Diego at present, and they had told him not to talk, he would go by their instructions. He intimated, however, that he bought the silver in San Diego in the regular course of business, and had asked no questions. McDonald was very polite in his manner, but whenever the matter of the robbery was approached he shut up like a clam, and with a quiet smile turned the conversation in another direction. He said that he had been in San Diego once before, a year or two ago, and for a time made Cassidy's saloon his headquarters, but when he found out the character of the place he quit going about it. He declined to say how long he had been in San Diego on his last visit, or where he had been before going there.

SENSATIONAL REPORT.
There was a sensational report on the street yesterday afternoon to the effect that McDonald was well known in this city, and one time sang in the Cathedral choir. This rumor, however, proved to have no foundation in fact, as none of those who called at the station recognized McDonald, and so far as known, he has no acquaintances in this city. One thing is certain, and that is, he is never about the cathedral.

McDonald's attorneys will arrive in the city probably today or tomorrow, when his examination will be set. A strong effort will be made to clear him.

as he apparently has friends in San Diego who are taking a deep interest in his case.

A MAD MUSTANG.

An Exciting Runaway on North Main Street Yesterday.

At 8:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon an exciting runaway took place on North Main street. A small mustang attached to a lumbering old buggy became frightened as he crossed First street, and his driver lost all control and jumped out of the buggy. The broncho continued his chase up the street, and when he reached Arcadia street he made a dive for the sidewalk and ran over an old Italian peanut vendor who has held forth on that corner for years.

The old man was picked up and carried to Dr. Choate's office. He had several ugly wounds on the head, which were fixed up and he was sent home. When the mustang realized what he had done, he changed his mind about going down Arcadia street and turned back into Main street. When he reached a point near Commercial street Detective Auble rushed out and caught the animal. Both horse and man rolled over on the sidewalk, and for a minute or two it was hard to tell which would come out on top, but the detective proved too much for the little broncho, and held him until several men came to his assistance. No further damage was done.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Decennial Anniversary Number of The Times.

To be issued December 4—Valuable Features—The Story of a Decade—The Best Yet—Times Premiums.

The Los Angeles Times was founded December 4, 1881. On the 4th day of December, 1891, it will celebrate its decennial anniversary in a striking manner, viz.: by the publication of a special 24-page number, in which will be chronicled each onward step of Los Angeles from the era of adobe to the era of brick, stone and iron. There will be a description of the town as it was in 1881, and of the city as it is today, with detailed information about its commerce, trade, steam, cable and electric railroads, buildings, homes, finances and other noteworthy matters; also a carefully compiled historical sketch of Los Angeles during the past ten years, with especial reference to the causes and evidences of its phenomenal growth. The creation of THE TIMES is intimately associated with the growth of Los Angeles. It was started just before the commencement of the marvelous advancement which has transformed Los Angeles from a sleepy semi-Mexican pueblo of 11,000 inhabitants to a live American metropolis of more than 55,000. The steady development of THE TIMES will be described, from the starting of the thumb-stick WEEKLY MIRROR as "the smallest paper in California"—not much bigger than a man's hand—to the 8, 12 and 16-page daily issues of 1891, plethoric with news and advertisements.

Los Angeles county will be given careful attention and large space. It will be a solid and a superb number. Edition, 20,000 copies or more.

Prices in quantities, 5 copies, 25 cents; 10 copies, 50 cents; 20 copies, \$1.00.

Spread the Decennial Number abroad by hundreds and thousands of copies! It is the most interesting publication, and the most effective missionary agent that can be sent out, by reason, particularly, of the ten years' showing and contrast presented in its columns.

Orders sent to the counting-room—by mail, messenger, or TIMES carriers—will be carefully filled.

Advertisers and news agents, "get in" early.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

A Peerless Premium.

Rand, McNally & Co.'s Encyclopedia and Gazetteer, all in one volume of 720 pages, offered as a premium with THE TIMES, daily, or with the SATURDAY TIMES and WEEKLY MIRROR, is a most valuable acquisition for any library. Never before has there been offered to the public a book of reference approaching this in completeness, compactness or cheapness. It contains 720 pages of encyclopedic information concerning all branches of knowledge, comprising in a condensed form, stripped of unnecessary verbiage, the very cream of the Encyclopedia Britannica, and the latest addition of Chambers's Encyclopedia, with the addition of a great many American subjects found in neither of the larger encyclopedias.

Besides being a comprehensive gazetteer of universal knowledge, it is also a complete atlas of the world. It has eighty full-page colored maps and nearly 2000 engravings. It treats of 18,000 subjects.

The publishers' retail prices for the Encyclopedia are \$8 and \$10 respectively, but the book will be sent by us, together with one year's subscription to the SATURDAY TIMES and WEEKLY MIRROR, for the unprecedentedly low price of \$3.50; or it will be furnished with carrier in any part of the city, for \$5.00. (This figure has been advanced from \$4.50 to cover an unexpected high freight rate on the books from Chicago.)

The Premium Dictionary is furnished with the DAILY TIMES three months for \$3.50; one year for \$10.20; or with the SATURDAY TIMES and WEEKLY MIRROR one year for \$2.70.

Sample copy to be seen at the counting-room.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

Advertisers of Ten Years Ago.

On Monday we reprinted a complete list of the advertisers in the first issue of THE TIMES, published December 4, 1881, numbering ninety-four. Many of these advertisers are still in business in the city.

In the forthcoming decennial issue, which will be published December 4, 1891, it will be seen that the develop-

ment of THE TIMES has more than kept pace with the city's growth, and, with the cooperation of the business men, will show an increase largely in excess of tenfold over its initial number. It is for the business men themselves to see that this showing is made, more especially for the reason that thousands of copies of the paper will be sent abroad, and will be looked upon as the surest index of the city's material growth and progress during the past decade by reason of the comparisons between the Los Angeles of ten years ago and our magnificent modern city as it stands today.

IN SOCIAL SPHERES.

[News intended for this department should be furnished promptly and sent accompanied by the name of the sender, a guarantee. Write briefly and plainly, giving the facts without needless verbiage.]

WHERE IS MOZART'S GRAVE?

Next Saturday commemorates the 100th anniversary of the death of Mozart and the event will receive due recognition from the musicians of the world. Memorial concerts will be held in city and town and hamlet—wherever the name and works of this, the greatest opera composer that ever lived, is known.

This is but another illustration of the fact that great men often live, die and are buried before the world wakes up to recognize their genius. Next Saturday thousands of musicians will participate in this centenary celebration, and yet the resting place of this colossal genius remains without a distinguishing mark. Mozart's dust lies in a pauper's grave in Vienna, but where, no one knows. The grave was never marked; the plot in which it was made was one that was dug up every ten years and filled anew. A storm drove back the friends who started out to attend the burial and no one saw the body lowered except the sexton and his assistants, and when the widow visited the churchyard, after her recovery from a severe fit of illness, the grave-diggers had been changed and no one knew where the remains of the great musician lay. That was in Vienna, in December, 1791. Half a century later his friend, the Italian poet, (who had composed three operas with Mozart) L. da Ponte, died in New York, and men whose names shine brightly in local annals, followed him to his grave, yet the exact location of that grave is unknown; no headstone can be found and there are no records to identify the spot where his grave was dug.

ATTEMPTON WITH SHAKESPEARE.
Mrs. Ford, late of Boston, gave another of her popular recitals last Tuesday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. E. F. C. Klokke on Figueroa street. Her selections from Henry VIII and Tennyson's "May Queen" were much enjoyed by the select company of ladies who gathered in the spacious parlors. A violin solo from *Cavendish* by Mrs. Ford's son, F. D. Ford, a young gentleman with decided musical genius, added to the attractiveness of the entertainment. Among the ladies present were Meses. E. F. C. Klokke, W. S. Moore, A. Mullen, J. T. Sheward, Dr. Graves, J. J. Mellos, the Misses Kenech, Mrs. Clark and daughter, Mrs. Whiting and others.

"A SURPRISED METEOR."
Meteors are supposed to fly through the air and descend upon the earth, surprising and astonishing the inhabitants thereof. But this time the usual order of business was reversed, and a portion of the earth (its inhabitants) descended upon the Meteor, and to say that the inhabitants of said Meteor were surprised is drawing it mild.

The Meteor referred to is the new immense four-masted schooner, Capt. Lass commanding, now lying at the San Pedro Lumber Company's wharf, discharged, ballasted, scrubbed and polished from stem to stern and ready for sea.

Capt. Lass, by the way, has many friends in San Pedro, and yesterday they quietly put up a job on him last night. Congregating at the residence of D. R. Clay, armed with lots of eatables, music, etc., they made a descent upon his vessel.

They found the captain in the best of spirits, and ready, as he always is, to welcome the intruders on board. The freedom of the ship was extended to all, the music started up and the deck was soon a mass of whirling dancers, who continued to entertain the guests until about 1 o'clock. The amiable eatables were then spread in the ship's dining-room, and eatables and drinkables were plenty.

The lemonade was especially fine, but when an effort was made by a well-known railroad ticket broker to doctor said well-known temperance drink by the addition of pickled pigs-feet, he was thrown overboard and the band played Annie Rooney. A most delightful evening was spent by all with an earnest request to send again the guests wished Capt. Lass a merry Christmas and a happy New Year and departed. Among those present were: D. R. Clay and wife, R. C. Munroe and wife, Capt. Thorndorn and wife, Mr. Andrews and wife, E. a herald and wife, E. C. Weidt and wife, Samuel Bennett and wife, Mrs. Cully, Mrs. A. Muller, Mrs. Hansen, Mrs. George A. Klotz.

The young ladies were: Misses J. Clay, L. Clay, M. Keag, Kearney, M. Gillis, M. Cully and Miss Hansen. The gentlemen were: Capt. Lassen, J. W. Buckley, R. Hansen, H. Schwanecke and Judge Gardner of Santa Cruz.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.
Gen. Grierson and C. F. A. Last went north yesterday.

Mrs. Lieut. Baker returned yesterday from a several months' trip in the East. Maj. Cauby and family have taken possession of a handsome new residence on Figueroa street.

Maj. Elderkin and family will take possession of the Ackerman residence, at St. James Park, next week.

Mrs. Henry Donnelly and the Misses Donnelly of Fruitvale are at Rendondo Beach until after the holidays.

Mrs. I. K. Woodberry has returned to her home in Ventura after a visit of several weeks with her mother, Mrs. George Kilbourne.

Dr. and Mrs. Maus of Fort Whipple, Ariz., are in the city. Mrs. Maus will pass the winter in Los Angeles, where she will place her two daughters in school.

The membership of the Young Ladies' Athletic Club has been limited to forty, twenty-five being charter members. The gymnasium suits will be black and the club color cardinal.

The ladies of the First Presbyterian Church, corner Second and Broadway, will hold a sale of fancy articles suitable for Christmas, beginning Friday, December 4, continuing through the afternoon and evening and Saturday morning.

Mrs. Goodwin, of West Second street, was pleasantly reminding of her birthday last evening by a surprise party, planned by her daughter, Miss E. S. Goodwin, and her lady friends. A most enjoyable evening was spent by the guests and the surprised hostess.

Mrs. Eliza A. Otis of THE TIMES, being seriously ill and confined to her bed,

Cleveland's Baking Powder

Is Absolutely the Best,

Because—It has the best keeping qualities: As shown by a series of tests of the leading brands made by Mass. State Analyst, Dr. B. F. Davenport, June, 1890.

begs the indulgence of numerous friends, who have asked her to make engagements, both public and private. She hopes to be up and doing again within a short while.

The marriage of James A. Althouse and Miss Bertha Book occurred last evening at the Evangelical Church, on Olive street, Rev. J. Berger performing the ceremony. A reception followed at the residence of the bride's aunt, Mrs. Froelich, at No. 821 West Eleventh street.

NEW CITIZENS.

Arrival of Two More Large Eastern Excursion Parties.
Two more large excursion parties arrived from the East yesterday. The first was a Phillips party which came by the Southern Pacific, Denver and Rio Grande and Rock Island roads, in charge of J. A. Kaler, and comprised the following:

Mrs. C. L. Hubbard, Mrs. H. McDonald, Althea, Kan.; W. A. Hopkins and wife, Riverside, Iowa; A. Winn, Winnie Miller, Clay Center, Kan.; Emily Frank and sisters, New York city; N. J. Robinson and wife, Kansas City; J. M. Warner and wife, Kearney, Neb.; Mrs. J. Robinson, West Branch, Iowa; Frank Warner, Kearney, Neb.; Mrs. E. Matthews, Mrs. A. Coyle, Boston, Mass.; H. Jones, New York city; Mrs. Stickney, Waltham, Mass.; Mrs. W. C. Millard, Suncook, N. H.; Mrs. A. Gowan, Auburn, Mass.; Earnest Alcott, Nashua, N. H.; Miss R. Campbell, St. Stephen, C. B. Brackett, Mr. T. Miller, Mrs. J. Miller, Mrs. Chas. Brayley, Mrs. H. Nealey, Boston; Mr. G. Day, White River Junction, Vt.; James Mason, Boston; Mr. B. Church, III, Fairfield, Mass.; Theo. Kratzen, New York city; Mr. H. Sanford, St. Paul, Minn.; Mr. T. H. Horley, Mr. E. Wing and son, H. Kearns, wife and children, Mr. Geo. Edwards and wife, Minneapolis; Mr. E. McNeal, wife and sister, James McNeal, Fairbairn, Minn.; Miss A. E. Safely, Tipton, Mr. J. West, Fairbairn, Minn.; Mrs. C. Roll, Minneapolis; J. D. Smith, son, Chicago; Mrs. Bareght, Valparaiso, Ind.; Mrs. J. J. Strong, Chicago; Mrs. C. L. Fletcher, Syracuse, N. Y.; Mr. R. McCausland, Chicago; Mrs. J. J. Moore, Chicago; Hart, A. H. Rose, wife and mother, Mrs. E. Smith, C. P. Crane and wife, Mr. Mortimer, Valparaiso, Ind.; Mrs. A. Frummit, Mrs. A. Hippman and three sisters, William Anderson, Chicago, Ill.; George Harrison, Evansville, Ind.; M. J. Rust, Topeka, Kan.; Mrs. Ambler, New York city.

The second was a Judson party, which arrived via the Chicago and Alton, Missouri Pacific, Rio Grande and Southern Pacific, as follows:

William Darling and wife, Woodstock, Vt.; W. Pierce, St. Albans, Vt.; Foy, Boston; F. A. Merriman and wife, Springfield, Mass.; J. Q. Adams, Millford, Mass.; C. P. Marsh, Boston; W. H. Abbott and wife, Valparaiso, Ind.; S. E. McKee, Cambridge, Mass.; Mrs. E. W. Flagg, Miss Lizzie A. Flagg, Keene, N. H.; E. Blodgett, Miss S. E. Blodgett, W. R. Barker, Fitzwilliam, N. H.; Mrs. J. P. Miller, West Barnet, Vt.; E. Keenan and wife, Groton, Vt.; R. E. Esteb, South Bend, Ind.; Mrs. Adelle Lacy, Miss Fay L. Lacy, Louis N. Lacy, Lemon, Pa.; Mrs. Kate J. Condit, Jackson, N. Y.; Isaac Shaw, Ottawa, Kan.; Mrs. A. M. Coloney, Chicago; C. A. Shultz, Des Moines, Mo.; M. M. Linn, Des Moines, Mo.; F. H. Baker, Keene, N. H.; Edward H. Holland, Walpole, N. H.; Mrs. M. P. Stone, Blanche S. Stone, Leon S. Stone, Mrs. R. J. Green, Greenfield, N. Y.; Mrs. H. E. Castle, John G. Castle, Bennington, Mich.; Miss Mary Furlong, Boston; R. G. Forgrave and wife, San José, Cal.; Milo Allen and wife, Ora French, Albany, N. Y.; French, Roscoe French, Oliver French, Des Moines, Iowa; Mrs. M. F. Wright, Joliet, Ill.; Mrs. Mary Crossley, Elgin, Ill.; Mrs. C. B. Williams, Warren, Williams, New York city; Dr. W. R. White and wife, England; E. Beckley and wife, Crystal Lake, Ill.; A. O. Walton and wife, Ethel Hutton, John Hutton, W. H. Hutton and wife, Evanston, Ill.; Mrs. George Church, Springfield, Mass.; Mrs. P. E. Barton, New York city; Mrs. Mary L. Gollins, Canandaigua, N. Y.; Mrs. B. Holland, Brooklyn, N. Y.

BOYLE HEIGHTS.

Serious Illness of a Cable Engineer—M. E. Church Work.
Engineer Gale, of the cable power house, is quite ill, evidently with bilious fever, and has been unfit for work for several days.

Arthur Bragg, a young man whose parents reside on Cunningham street, died at an early hour yesterday morning, after an illness of nearly a fortnight. Information of the bereaved and complicated complaints was his trouble. The funeral has not yet been announced.

Work at the Methodist Episcopal Church is still going on and the men are now busy on the roof to the new addition. Information of the bereaved and complicated complaints was his trouble. The funeral has not yet been announced.

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Frank Bartlett Election.
The election of officers of Frank Bartlett Post, No. 6, G. A. R., was held Tuesday evening, when the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year:

Post commander, L. S. Butler; senior vice-commander, George N. Lockwood; junior vice-commander, Charles R. Paris; surgeon, Dr. W. E. Reed; chaplain, J. B. Holloway; quartermaster, Fred W. Stein; officer of the day, E. B. Bailey; officer of the guard, William Shock; delegates to Department Encampment, Sam. Kutz, E. B. Bailey, Charles M. Jenkins, William M. Bell, H. Alford, Charles R. Paris, George R. Weeks; alternates to Department Encampment, J. B. Holloway, J. W. Marcalls, W. E. Reed, John Burns, Henry Gripp, Peter Warner, J. K. Fletcher.

Pushing goods Driving prices

COOK

THE POPULAR BOOK STORE

The Popular Bookstore man is everlastingly at it.

Finest Goods

Largest Display

Nicest Bookstore

Lowest Prices

140 N. Spring st.

MOSGROVE'S DRESSMAKING!

This department is under the management of the expert and thorough cutter and sewer, Mrs. M. Mosgrove. For perfection of fit, style, and originality of design, she is without a peer. Tailors can have their suits made in one day's time, and be assured of satisfaction. MOSGROVE'S will give special attention. Bring your own material, or select from our stock. Give us a high and exclusive class of prices as low as any first-class cutter.

FURS ALTERED AND REPAIRED.
All kinds of fur work done in the house. The only place in Southern California. Goods cleaned, renovated and dyed; about notice and at very reasonable prices. All work guaranteed first-class.

MOSGROVE'S Dress and Suit House, 119 S. Spring st., Los Angeles.

Teeth Extracted Free

FROM 8 TO 9 A. M.

BRIDGE WORK A SPECIALTY.

Gold or porcelain crowns, \$5.

Sets of Teeth, upper and lower, \$15.

Set of Teeth, upper or lower, \$10.

Teeth filled with gold, \$1 and up.

Teeth filled with silver, \$1.

Teeth extracted without pain by use of gas, \$1.

All Work Warranted.

DR. C. H. PARKER,

COR. BROADWAY AND THIRD STS.

(Entrance on Broadway.)

LIVE STOCK AT AUCTION.

M. E. MAFEE, AUCTIONEER.

We will sell in connection with our regular Wednesday stock sale, December 24:

A fine horse power upright engine and boiler mounted on truck: has been in use but two months; cost \$750; the engine is now in the yard, come and see it. We will sell at private sale if desired. Remember our regular Saturday sale, when we will offer a fine lot of horses, such as have never been offered at auction in your city before.

If you have a horse, mule, buggy, wagon or harness to sell, come and see us, as we have a great many buyers at every sale. You stand more show of disposing of your stock. We buy, sell or exchange any kind of stock.

If you wish to feed your team while in the city, drive in and we will help you to unhitch.

162 N. LOS ANGELES ST. (Near Requena.)

PHILIP & LOWE, Props.

TO THE PUBLIC—I will hold sales of real estate, merchandise and household goods in this and adjoining counties. Address me or call at Natick House, No. 1 First st., or above number.

M. E. MAFEE, Live Stock and General Auctioneer.

STEINWAY

PIANOS

Plain and fancy cases, parlor and baby grand and uprights. Prices that faithfully represent the sterling worth of a Steinway and not a cent for reputation.

BROADWAY MUSIC STORE,

George S. Marygold,

SOLE AGENT.

A PRIZE.

A PRIZE of \$20.00 is hereby offered for the best-written and most

original advertisement adapted to our line of business.

As we do a strictly one-price business, keep good merchandise, have popular prices and enjoy a popular trade, you will have good material to work on.

Remember, you must be original. This offer is open till December 10th.

Every advertisement will be published whether good or bad. You may write the advertisement for any space you desire, from one inch to a page. The

editors of The Times will be the judges. Ladies may compete for the prize. Address all communications on this subject, and also your copy, to H. W.

Frank, in our care.

London Clothing Co.

Corner Spring and Temple Sts., Los Angeles.

We are Now Showing FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

A large and varied assortment of choice goods in our various departments suitable for HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

It is impossible to enumerate all the various articles, but as a suggestion of what may be found here, the following are mentioned:

Carpet Department.

Besides all grades of Carpets, from the modest Ingrain to the rich and elegant Wiltons and Axminsters, there is displayed the largest line of RUGS ever shown in the city.

ORIENTAL RUGS, FUR RUGS, SMYRNA AND MOQUETTE RUGS.

No more elegant or suitable present can be made than an Oriental Rug, as it is a work of art as well as an article of utility. A Fur Rug is also very appropriate as a present.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY,
PUBLISHERS OF THE
Los Angeles Daily Times, the Sunday Times, and the Saturday Times and Weekly Mirror.
H. G. OTIS, President and General Manager.
W. M. SPALDING, Vice-President.
ALBERT MCARDLAND, Treasurer.
MARIAN OTIS, Secretary.
C. C. ALLEN, Editor.
Office: Times Building.
Telephone numbers: Editorial, 674; Business office, 20.
N. E. corner of First and Broadway.

The Los Angeles Times

Volume XX. TENTH YEAR. NUMBER 183.
TERMS: By Mail, \$3 a year; by carrier 35 cents a month, or 20 cents a week. Sunday Times, \$2 a year. Weekly, \$1.50; 6 months, 75 cents.
Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter.

In Two Parts : : : : Ten Pages

New York is temporarily beyond the danger of a fatal deficiency in water and is now making remarks about the quality.

As exchange thinks that Fonseca will go down in history with some celebrity as the man who knew how to quit when he had enough.

The New York Herald has a long editorial saying that the Democratic candidate for President must come from the West. The Herald is nothing if not erratic in politics.

A man presented himself at the United States Treasury in Washington the other day and expressed a desire to borrow some money from the Government. The Alliance idea is working into the back settlements quite amazingly.

The work of printing the first part of the Decennial Anniversary Number will be begun this afternoon and continue during the night, on account of the unusually large edition to be published. The press-room will be open to visitors after 3 p.m.

The clouds made an effort to give us rain, and a few drops fell early yesterday morning, but a Santa Ana from the Mojave desert swooped down and drove the clouds away. It was rather a gusty and disagreeable day yesterday, and intensified the desire for Jupiter P. to begin his winter's work.

Last Sunday the Consolidated Electric Railway in this city carried 8839 passengers, who paid a nickel each for transportation, besides a considerable number who traveled on commutation tickets and a few on passes. This is a pretty fair index of the way times are living up in Los Angeles.

On the 8th of this month the Democratic Executive Committee will meet in Washington, D. C., to call the National Democratic Convention together early in January. The committee as a whole will determine the time and place for holding the next National Convention. New York, Detroit, St. Louis, St. Paul and San Francisco are the most prominent aspirants for the honor of entertaining the Bourbon convocation. Chicago is willing to have that distinction thrust upon her, but is restrained by a sense of propriety from making much effort to get it. We have the hinking of an idea that the convention will be held either in New York or St. Paul.

Tue developments in the scandalous divorce trial in London between Countess Russell and Lord Russell remind one strongly of an erotic novel published in this country within the last year under the title, "A Marriage Below Zero." That recounts the experience of a young wife who was robbed of her husband's affections by an evil-minded man, with the shadow of a dark and nameless crime making up the background. Most people who read that book probably thought it was a hypothetical or an impossible case; but the exposure of the inner workings of the Russell household shows that it is not entirely impossible, even in the *creme de la creme* of English aristocracy. The report reads like a chapter on the last days of Sodom and Gomorrah. Earl Russell is pictured as a weak-eyed, youngish-looking man, with hair of a red tint and what is known in slang parlance as a "washed out" appearance generally. During the recital by the Countess of a story which damns him before the civilized world as lower than the brutes, the Earl frequently buried his face in his hands to hide his laughter. What a sickening comment on the degeneracy of a once noble line!—the grandson of Lord John Russell brought to such a pass! It must be something of this sort which Lord Tennyson refers to in his Locksley Hall when he says: "Cursed be the sickly forms that err from nature's rule." Cursed be the gold that glids the straitened forehead of a fool.

ASOTUR large bequest for the benefit of a good cause has gone amiss. William B. Ogden of Chicago died in 1877, leaving an estate estimated to be worth between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000. In his will he divided the property into twenty shares, the income of one share and a half to be devoted "to such charitable uses as a majority of my executors and trustees elect and appoint," during the lives of his widow and son-in-law. At their death the principal was to be devoted to the same purpose, and whatever portion of the one and a half shares was not applied to the aforesaid charity was to go to illegitimate heirs. The trustees carried out their trust in the spirit, which Mr. Ogden desired. After long conferences they decided to devote 70 per cent. of the one and a half shares, amounting to between \$300,000 and \$500,000, to the University of Chicago for scientific education, which would leave the remaining 30 per cent. for the benefit of the poorer heirs. But this did not suit the certain poorer heirs, viz., several haggard nephews and nieces. They contested this clause in the will, and Judge Patterson of the Supreme Court of New York has sustained the technical point made by them, and holds that the clause is void under the laws of New York, because the clause is indefinite, and no beneficiary is named who can bring suit to claim his rights. Rich men will learn after awhile that if they want their money to do good after they have better dispose of it before they quit.

To Merchants and Other Business Men.

The Decennial Anniversary Number of THE TIMES is to be issued December 4. The intervening time is too short to enable the solicitors to visit all intending advertisers and take their orders in person. You are, therefore, invited to send in your copy, with the order for insertion, while there is yet time. The prices are uniform and easily understood, and you can readily make your own calculations, determining for yourselves the amount you wish to spend for advertising in this special issue. The rates are: For display, \$1.50 per inch, or \$33 per column, taking the run of the paper; for classified (first, second and third pages), 5 cents per line; for reading notices, 10, 15, 20 or 30 cents per line, according to the size of type and position. (Six words make a line.)

The edition will be a large and exceptionally valuable one, because it will make a ten years' showing of progress and development in Los Angeles. It will be effective for both holiday and general advertising, as it goes to all regular subscribers, news agents and dealers, at home and abroad.

Your order and copy should be in by Wednesday afternoon, December 2, except for small classified advertisements, which will be received up to this evening.

Soliciting your favors, we are yours truly,

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

Train Robberies May be Prevented.

The robbery of an express car on the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad near Gladstone, Mo., in which the gang captured for \$20,000 to \$75,000, is another forceful reminder to the express and railroad companies that some general precautionary measures ought to be adopted. THE TIMES has made the suggestion several times that a guard, armed with a short shotgun loaded with slugs, should be stationed on the engine tender or in the cab on every express train. The amount lost by the Adams Express Company in this latest robbery would have sufficed to pay the expenses of an armed guard on every express train on that line for several years.

A little study of these train robberies shows that they are all accomplished in practically the same way. A gang of men board the train at some way station, and as it pulls out, one or two of them work their way forward, climbing over the tender, and presenting their revolvers at the engineer and fireman in the cab. It should be borne in mind that they can accomplish nothing in the way of robbing the express car while the train is in motion. Therefore they must first capture the engine and fireman, and then, if they are in the tender, can keep anything of a lookout for an attack from the rear; and, even if they were around, the robbers would probably be able to get the drop on them. But, with an armed guard stationed in the tender, the case would be different. He would have nothing to do but to watch for just that kind of an attack, and in the case of suspicious characters approaching the engine either from the sides or by way of the tender, he could cover them with his shooting-iron in the fractional part of a second. If he found occasion to fire he would be pretty certain to bring down one or more of the robbers with his scattering charge.

It strikes us that the defense of the engine on an express train is not such a momentous matter that the companies ought to hesitate long about resorting to it. Stage companies in the Western States and Territories have found that they could well afford to send an armed guard with each coach when there is danger from footpads, and the system has proven very efficacious. What the stage companies can do the railroad companies can do. And if their own interests do not urge them to some adequate means of protection, public sentiment and legal enactments ought to be brought to bear to compel them to do so. It is not simply money that is jeopardized in these train robberies, but human life is generally imperiled. Besides, the tempting bait of inadequately protected treasure in express cars is encouraging more and more of this kind of outwary, and leading to the formation of numerous bands of robbers who are a menace to the public. Sometimes they turn their attention to passengers and rob or murder them.

It will be necessary to shoot down half a dozen of these Jack Cades, or capture them red-handed in the act and hang them afterward, before this villainous practice can be broken up. The sooner the railroad and express companies come to a realizing sense of the efficacy of an ounce of buckshot as a preventive, the sooner they will accomplish the pound of cure.

Train robberies may be prevented, and they should be. There has been altogether too much dalliance.

The Decennial Anniversary Number of THE TIMES is an expansion of the regular issue for tomorrow, and will go to all regular patrons, as well as to scores of new ones. Advertisers, make a note of it.

"Criminal Borrowing."

The reckless methods pursued by Edward M. Field, by which he wrecked his business associates and many of his patrons, dishonored a great name and finally brought himself to an insane asylum, are all coming to the surface since the collapse. The only wonder is that such a gigantic system of swindling could be carried on without immediate exposure. It seems that Field, like that Napoleon of finance, lives, of unhappy memory, kept the transactions of his firm entirely in his own hands. All the available assets were absorbed by him in his various enterprises, and the house of Field, Lindley, Weichers & Co. was continually on the ragged edge of bankruptcy. It is stated that, for the past six months, the business of the firm has averaged 25,000 shares of stock a day on the Exchange. Some days it ran as high as 50,000, or 60,000 shares. But they were unable to carry their load over a single night, so they made arrangements with another firm—Lapsley & Co.—whereby they spouted all securities in their hands every afternoon. If, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the firm was obliged to make a raise to meet its obligations, the stocks would be taken over to Lapsley & Co. and sold for cash, generally at a loss of one-eighth or one-quarter. On the following morning Field & Co. would buy back what stocks they were obliged to replace with their customers, paying, of course, the full market price. Thus it seems that Field & Co. robbed their customers every afternoon, selling the stolen property at a frightful loss, and they tied along in this way for six months by making one hand wash the other, so to speak. They sold Peter's stocks to pay Paul, and then turned about and sold Paul's to pay Peter.

That such an utterly abandoned method of financing could be carried on under the noses of people who trusted hundreds of thousands of dollars of property to the firm is one of the enigmas of modern stock-brokerage. When Sidney Dillon called it "criminal borrowing," he employed a mild epithet, indeed. If any one of the clerks or book-keepers in the employ of the brokerage firm had made an appropriation of a dozen shares of the lowest-priced stock in hand, and had been caught at it, his offense would have been termed embezzlement.

Free-trade England. In his recent speech at the Guildhall banquet Lord Salisbury, the English Premier, declared that England stands practically alone among the nations of the world as an exemplar of free trade.

"I am afraid," he said, "we must be content to occupy for a time a peculiar and isolated position. The course of protection does not sink, it rises. Recent elections in America showed a slight reaction, but it has spent its force. The only free trade colony is Sydney, and that, I am afraid, has no longer an unspotted record. Before very long, I think, we will have the advantage of being the *Athenian contra mundum* of free trade, but no doubt a commercial community like England will not falter in its attachment to free trade."

England clings to free trade, and the fact that this doctrine seems to be against the spirit of modern progress arouses British pertinacity and old-foginess all the more.

And what is the result? "It cannot be denied," says a recent cablegram from London, "that business is in a very bad state here, and there is a prospect of its getting better. Imports and exports alike are falling off. The great staple industries of the country are suffering severely, and enterprise seems to be dead. Even the book-publishing season is uncommonly dull for this time of year. Nobody has any money to spend, now that the Americans have gone home. Consols are only a trifle above 95, and all Mr. Goschen's devices cannot push them higher."

Continuing, in the same vein, the cable letter says: Lord Salisbury and the president of the Board of Trade have plainly warned the nation during the past week that the commercial future is to be bleak and gloomy. No wonder, then, that people fly from the Stock Exchange and that no more new companies are being brought out. What is the reason for all this? The first adverse influence is the hostile tariffs which are gradually drawing an iron line around English industries and preventing their development. The next is the Barling collapse, which undermined half the city and left the other half afraid to call its soul its own.

Comment on such a state of affairs seems to be unnecessary. England's trade is being lopped off and appropriated by other nations in almost every quarter of the globe. England is no longer the foremost manufacturing country, and, before many years, her supremacy as the first maritime nation will pass from her. The hide-bound non-progressive policy of free trade is at fault for this more than any other cause.

The Santa Fé crew of trainmen who gave chase to a section of runaway cars from Pasadena down to the Garvanza bridge the other day are certainly deserving the thanks of the community. They found it impossible to couple to the wild train while in motion, but they managed to climb upon it and set the brakes, thereby bringing it to a standstill. Had the runaways crashed into the outgoing passenger train, which was making his way up the track, we should probably have been obliged to record the most dreadful railroad accident in the history of this section.

LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

The Piano in Church. LOS ANGELES, Nov. 30.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] There are fads and fads, but the latest and most gigantic is the playing of pianos in the church. There can be no other solution of the fact; they are there.

The piano as an accompaniment to religious songs is a farce in the fullest sense of the word. The writer recently attended a fashionable church in this city, and the hymn being announced, the congregation and piano began as follows: (A few preliminary thumps.) Praise God (thump) from whom (thump) all blessings (thump) flow, (thump) etc.

Compared with the organ for religious worship, the piano sinks into oblivion. It has been truly said, "Music is a language, but the piano is a language to God, not to man." Just around among the boys and hunt up somebody to identify you.

clally suited to both parts in a class of music deemed sparkling, brilliant, and calculated to inspire the listener with mirth or worldly thoughts, and is as much out of place in church as the proverbial bull in a china shop. The organ, on the other hand, is strictly an accompanying instrument, and when its beautifully shaded tones and divine harmony are blended with a sort of heaven the soul is filled with holy thoughts and a desire to be nearer its Creator.

Gaze on the touching scene in the *Two Orphans*, where blind Louise is begging alms near the steps of a church. The snow is falling on her tiny clad form, and while she stands there, friendless and alone, the heart of the beholder, already overflowing with pity, is melted to tears by sounds from the organ as its sacred music is heard issuing from within. Imagine, if you can, the effect of a piano having been struck during such a scene.

Prof. William Piatti, in an article published in Bartlett's Musical Journal, said: "The time is coming when the organ will be the only instrument in use," which is worthy of much consideration, and as it does from such eminent authority.

Some days ago the organ in the foremost rank, but as a sad, pure and simple, the piano in church has the best of it.

AMUSEMENTS.

MUSIC AND MUSICIANS.

TURNER'S HALL.—There is no musician in the community who has done more to advance the understanding and rendition of classical music than Prof. Stamm. The audience which filled Turner's Hall last night was a most commendable one. The principal number of the programme was Edward Grug's enormous concerto in A minor, for piano and orchestra. Prof. Stamm played the difficult piano score with great spirit and fine execution, and the orchestra, led and controlled by the maestro, was perfect. The result was an artistic triumph.

The cheerful and humorous "Kinder Sinfonie" might have been aptly a kindergarten symphony, so young were the bright boys who gave so modestly and correctly. The same players, all quite young fellows, gave later a march by Schögel so well as to earn the applause of the audience. Mrs. J. J. Schaller was the vocalist of the programme, a certain coldness and unsympathetic tone in the heavy carriage by Mercadente, due to nervousness, and the gay gavotte from the *Mignon* was felt to be a little too much. The programme closed with the march from the *Neidungen* of Wagner.

Y.M.C.A. HALL.—The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y.M.C.A. gave a pleasant entertainment at this hall, in which Prof. Wilde, Mr. E. A. Bacon, Miss Lizzie Kimball, Miss Ethel Grant and other artists were assisted. Readings were also on the programme by Mr. G. A. Robinson and Miss C. Harrison.

DEWEY TALKS POLITICS.

Blaine Can be Nominated if He Cares to Make the Race. CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] The Vanderbilt party arrived tonight on a regular tour of inspection of their lines. In an interview Chauncey M. Dewey, touching on politics, said: "There is no division of sentiment in the Republican party as to Blaine. If he becomes a candidate for nomination, nothing on earth can prevent his nomination. If he desires it, if he does not, President Harrison will be the nominee. As to the present relations between these two gentlemen, I am told by each of them that they perfectly understand each other. The idea fostered by disappointed office-seekers that President Harrison was a small man, mentally and physically, and narrow, became one time the accepted belief of seven-tenths of the American people. Now Mr. Harrison did not have this in view when he took his trip across the continent, yet he accomplished the herculean task of talking to the whole people through the Associated Press at the places where he stopped and to my way of thinking, he knows him better. There is no question that he accomplished this task better than anyone had ever done before. People saw that they had been misled and there was a universal change in public sentiment."

Charges Laid Through. OMAHA, Dec. 2.—The charges preferred against the Missouri Pacific and Burlington and Missouri roads, alleging violation of the interstate commerce law, which were to be investigated before the federal grand jury, seem to have fallen short of the mark. It has been decided to indefinitely postpone the hearing.

Car Derailed—Four Men Killed. NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—In crossing the switch at One Hundred and Forty-ninth street this evening, the rear car of a train on the Harlem Railway was thrown from the track on its side. An unknown man, two car cleaners and another employe of the company were killed and two others were injured.

Burglars Plunder a Bank. CINCINNATI, Dec. 2.—A dispatch from Madisonville, Ky., says that burglars last night robbed the safe of the Hopkins County Bank of \$6000 in gold coin and bills. The stockholders held a meeting as soon as the loss was known, and voted to reimburse the bank.

Tragedy Caused by Jealousy. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 2.—Samuel Polak, aged 51, a restaurant proprietor, this morning shot and fatally wounded his wife and then killed himself. Jealousy was the cause.

WOULD MOVE THE MONUMENT.

Lately Arrived Triplet Shift the Center of Population. [Chicago Herald.]

It will be remembered that the Herald on May 10 last planted a monument at the spot now known as the center of population in 1890. The affair attracted a good deal of attention, and the stone still stands—as it always will—marking one of the decade steps of our vanishing people. Frank Dowden, Willis Burch, living southeast of the monument, has filed his petition with the county commissioners of Decatur county praying that the massive stone be moved two and one-half feet nearer his home. The petitioner locates that the Census Bureau had located the center of population accurately at the time, but that just one month after the monument was unveiled Mrs. Burch became the mother of two fine boys and a rosy girl; and he begs to show the august commissioners that the center of population has thereby been moved the distance named and in the direction designated. The formal paper, drawn in the legal phraseology, is awaiting action at the December session of the Decatur county board.

According to Rule. [New York Weekly.]

St. Peter. You were a bank teller, were you not? New Arrival. Yes, St. Peter. St. Peter. Well, people are arriving here by the million billion from all the inhabited planets in the universe. Just around among the boys and hunt up somebody to identify you.

AN OMINOUS SPEECH.

The Kaiser's Remarkable Address to Young Recruits.

He Tells Them They Belong to Him, Body and Soul.

And Must Shoot Kinsmen, if So Ordered, to Repress Socialism.

Other Foreign News.—The Religious Communion Over Archbishop Soudard's Case Continues.—Blackthorns Again Flourish in Ireland.

By Telegram to THE TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 2.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] The *Freisinnige Zeitung* asserts that Emperor William's speech, made a week ago on the occasion of the administration of the oath of allegiance to recruits of the guard, really contained the following: "Recruits, you have, before priest and altar, sworn fealty to me. You are too young to understand the true meaning of the words in which you have sworn, but be diligent in following the instructions given you. You have, my children, sworn allegiance. That means that you have given your services to me, body and soul. You have only one enemy and that is my enemy. In the present Socialist agitation I may order you—which God forbid—to shoot down your relatives, your brothers, even your parents, and you must obey without a murmur."

CHURCH AND STATE.

The Condemnation of Archbishop Soudard Causing Much Commotion. PARIS, Dec. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] In the Chamber of Deputies today, Hubbard gave notice of his intention to question Minister Fallieres in regard to the attitude of the Catholic Bishops and demand that the government notify the Vatican of the termination of the *Concordat* at the end of the year.

The newspaper *Figaro*, has been fined 1500 for opening a subscription for the benefit of the condemned Archbishop of Aix.

The Sicile today says it understands that the Pope will issue a declaration of disapproval of the agitation being carried on against the government by the French Bishops.

Blackthorns Still Rule in Ireland.

DUBLIN, Dec. 2.—There was a disgraceful row at Limerick Station today. The McCarthys had a convention, among the prominent speakers being William O'Brien and John Dillon. When they reached the station after the meeting, a large number of Parnellites present insulted them. Trouble followed, and a lively scrimmage with sticks ensued, many Parnellites being hurt, several so severely that their wounds had to be dressed at the hospital.

Dom Pedro Dangerously Ill.

PARIS, Dec. 2.—The condition of Dom Pedro, ex-Emperor of Brazil, is exciting the gravest apprehensions. He was attacked by a chill yesterday, and despite the attentions of his physicians he has since continued to grow worse. His physicians held a consultation. They expressed much anxiety regarding the ex-Emperor's condition.

Many Deaths From Influenza.

PARIS, Dec. 2.—The epidemic of influenza has increased and deaths from the disease occurred here last week by hundreds.

BERLIN, Dec. 2.—The epidemic of influenza is increasing in severity. Owing to the large number of influenza patients, supplementary barracks at the Moabit hospital have been opened for their accommodation, all the ordinary wards there being filled.

French Strikers Return to Work.

PARIS, Dec. 2.—A dispatch states that affairs throughout the coal-mining districts were resuming their normal condition. The striking miners in the vicinity of Lens have returned to work, and no further trouble is feared.

Yellow Fever in Brazil.

LONDON, Dec. 2.—Advises from Santos state that owing to the prevalence of yellow fever in that port 120 vessels are delayed there waiting to discharge their cargoes. Some vessels are departing for other ports with the cargoes with which they were laden on their arrival.

Germany's World's Fair Appropriation. BERLIN, Dec. 2.—The Budget Committee of the Reichstag voted 900,000 marks to be devoted to providing a proper German exhibit at the Chicago Columbian Exposition in 1893.

A Metal Concern Sold Out.

PARIS, Dec. 2.—The factories, plant and good will of the Societe des Metaux were sold at auction today for \$3,600,001.

Sailing for the Irish Funds.

DUBLIN, Dec. 2.—Timothy Healy has commenced an action against Munroe to compel him to restore the Irish funds to those entitled to possession of the money.

A MINING DEAL.

Prominent Californians Interested in a Big Mexican Property. SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] Daniel M. Burns, George R. Wells, Clarence Waterhouse and W. R. Higgins, private secretary of Gov. Markham, will sail tomorrow for Mexico on an inspecting tour of the famous San Vicente and Candelaria mines. The main purpose of the trip is to close an immense deal in which J. W. Mackay, James L. Flood, Col. Burns, Gov. Markham, and a London syndicate are interested. Several months ago the property was bought by the San Vicente property in the Sinaloa district and the present expedition is almost sure to result in the purchase of the mine for over \$2,000,000. San Vicente is one of the oldest Mexican mines, but has never been worked by machinery.

Brice Sued for Ohio Taxes.

LIMA (O.), Dec. 2.—The treasurer of Allen county filed a suit against United States Senator Brice this morning for \$17,250 delinquent taxes. The Senator has constantly refused to pay taxes here during the last few years, alleging whenever pressed for a settlement that he had no residence in this city.

Canvassing a Vote.

ALBANY (N. Y.), Dec. 2.—The State Board of Canvassers was called to order this morning. All members were present. After canvassing the vote for Congressman the board adjourned until tomorrow.

TO BUILD UP TRADE.

A Corporation to Introduce California Products in Foreign Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] The prospectus of a Corporation known as the California Foreign Market Company, recently organized by the State Board of Trade for the distribution and sale of California fruit in European markets, has been issued to horticulturists and persons interested in such matters throughout the State. The circular announces in detail the provisions under which the organization is established, and solicits the cooperation of all California fruit growers.

The corporation is to have a capital stock of \$10,000, divided into 1000 shares at a par value of \$10 each, payable in two installments, one upon completion of the corporation and the other as called for. The management of the enterprise will devolve upon five directors, and it shall be its purpose to introduce into foreign markets fruit, nuts, wines and brandies and such other products as may require the aid of the corporation. Among those who have already subscribed are: N. P. Chipman, J. S. Emery, E. J. Gregory, Tyler Beach, J. A. Morrissey and A. Gallatin, each of whom have taken ten shares, and W. Labin of Sacramento, who has subscribed for twenty shares.

EARTHQUAKE HORRORS.

Terrible Results of the Great Shocks in Japan.

The Death Toll Still Increasing—Many Corpses in the Country Yet Unburied—Large Sums Raised to Aid the Homeless.

By Telegram to THE TIMES.

VANCOUVER (B. C.), Dec. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] Advice from Japan by the Empress of China bring later news of the effects of the earthquake of October 28. Official information now places the number of killed at 7566 and the injured at 10,121, with 89,629 buildings wholly and 28,626 partially destroyed. Over 440,000 people have been rendered homeless and destitute.

Many curious freaks of the earthquake have been noticed. In one place a house swallowed up four persons, whose hair remained visible, but whose rescue proved to be impossible. Fortunately the weather remains mild. Rain or cold weather would cause terrible distress. Decent burial has been given to most of the bodies recovered from the ruins in the larger towns, but horrible scenes are yet presented in the country where the people are unable to inter their dead.

Foreigners have come forward generously with gifts of money, clothing, medicine, etc. Twenty thousand dollars has been contributed by foreign residents, exclusive of the Chinese fund, which is large. Shanghai has sent \$5000, and \$11,000 has been raised in various ways in Tokyo. The addition to these sums the Japanese government has made a grant of \$2,225,000 to the two prefectures that suffered most severely.

DYNAMITE EXPLOSION.

A Factory Blown Up—Five Men Killed—Much Damage Done.

NYACK (N. Y.), Dec. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] The dynamite factory at Haverstraw was blown up this afternoon. M. Wadworth, Peter Carliss, Joseph Williams, Joseph E. Adler and Perry Lounsbury were instantly killed. The first four, who were employes, were literally blown to pieces. The last named, who was in a boat near the factory, was instantly killed, while his companion, sitting within a few feet of him, escaped injury. After the explosion the building, which is a frame structure, caught fire, burning to the ground. Other buildings of the works, 150 feet from the explosion, in which was stored dynamite, escaped destruction. The property belonged to the Clinton Dynamite Company. The explosion broke the glass in buildings in several adjoining villages. The cause is not yet learned.

At the coroner's inquest tonight were the body of the dead fisherman, Lounsbury, and a horse-blanket full of parts of human bodies, including one arm of Wadworth, two legs, part of the back and a lot of entrails and numberless bones with burnt flesh. The remains presented a terrible sight, all being black with powder marks and the flesh burned off. The parts of bodies are supposed to belong to Wadworth and two Italians. In the relative packing-house were 600 pounds of gasoline being packed in tins. In the power-house were 7500 pounds of plant powder and 200 pounds of dynamite.

New Irrigation Districts Formed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—Returns have been received from several districts where elections have been held in the last few days for the formation of irrigation districts and voting bonds. The Fall Brook district, formed some months ago, voted by a large majority to issue \$400,000 bonds. Linda Vista, embracing 42,000 acres, the nearest district to the city, voted to issue \$1,000,000 worth of bonds. The vote on the Otay district, embracing over 60,000 acres, resulted in a large majority in favor of forming the district. The result in the Linda Vista and Otay districts will add over 100,000 acres of irrigated land to the immediate resources of the city.

The Traffic Association.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—The Executive Committee of the Traffic Association adopted resolutions this afternoon by which interior shippers may enter the association on exactly the same terms as merchants of this city. This removes the only grounds of objection.

An Election for Mare Sold.

CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—At the Kellogg horse sale today the best price realized was for an Electioneer mare, Suisun, she selling for \$8250 for her previous half owner, Sam Brown of Kalamazoo.

Three Children Burned to Death.

LITTLE ROCK (Ark.), Dec. 2.—Capt. William Maxwell's store at De Witt was burned last night. Three children in it perished.

The "O" Road's Earnings.

BOSTON, Dec. 2.—The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy's October statement shows net earnings of \$859,000; an increase of \$28,000.

Engineer and Fireman Killed.

CLEVELAND (O.), Dec. 2.—Two men, engineer and fireman, lost their lives today by the burning of the steam barge James A. Pease.

GAGE PAID FOX'S FEE.

Another Development in the "Waste-basket" Scandal.

"NO QUORUM" AGAIN.

Supreme Court Hears a Vexed Congressional Question.

Justice Brewer Suggests the Telephone as a Solution.

United States Treasurer Nebeker Submits His Report.

Secretary Foster Recovering His Health Very Slowly—Monthly Bulletin on Weather and Crops—Other News from the Capital.

By Telegram to the Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] The hearing of the three cases involving the McKinley Tariff Act closed in the Supreme Court today with a brief argument by Mr. Clark of New York.

Solicitor-General Taft then opened for the Government the case brought here by the United States on appeal from the decision of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York in favor of Bolin & Co. This case involves the validity of the Dingley Tariff Act. The point of most public interest in connection with the act is that the well-remembered question of "no quorum" is raised. The gist of the Solicitor-General's argument is that the House had power to make the rule under which the bill passed.

Edwin R. Smith of New York argued the importer's side of the case, maintaining that it was necessary to show a man's presence by his action. Justice Brewer said the point seemed to be that it was necessary that a man should be heard and not seen, and asked how it would be if a man answered by telephone to the roll call. Could he be counted?

Smith was doubtful on that point, but thought he might be, perhaps, if the House put his name on the journal. Attorney-General Taft then closed the case with a brief argument favoring the Government's contention.

NATIONAL FINANCES.

United States Treasurer Nebeker Submits His Annual Report.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] United States Treasurer Nebeker has submitted his annual report to Secretary Foster. The ordinary revenues of the Government during the past fiscal year were \$392,612,447, or \$10,468,553 less than the year before. The net ordinary expenditures, exclusive of amounts paid in premiums on bonds purchased, were \$355,372,684, an increase of \$57,636,198. The surplus revenues were then cut down from \$105,344,496 to \$37,239,763, which last summer was applied to the reduction of the public debt. The postal revenues amounted to \$73,762,908, and the expenditures to \$72,067,580, an increase of about \$5,000,000 on both sides.

The reduction effected during the year in the principal of the bonded debt and circulating notes, which cannot be released, amounted to \$116,590,278, and required an expenditure of \$126,991,494, including premiums on bonds purchased. This sum was made up by taking \$89,751,731 from the reserve in the Treasury in addition to the surplus revenues of the year. The consequent reduction in annual interest charge was \$4,322,092.

According to the revised figures the amount of money in the country on the 30th of June, exclusive of certificates in circulation, for which the Treasury held deposits, was \$1,676,078,102, of which \$180,412,019 belonged to the Treasury and \$1,495,666,083 was in circulation. There was a net loss of \$10,000,000 of gold, a net gain of upward of \$40,000,000 in other money and consequent contraction of about \$9,000,000 in the whole volume.

The Treasurer computes that during the past ten years there has been an average increase of \$52,200,000 from the end of June to December, in the amount of money actually in circulation, followed by an average decrease of \$14,200,000 from the end of December to the end of June. The increase realized in the past year has been nearly double this average. An unusually large amount of notes of small denominations have been sent out to the West and South since the 1st of July, chiefly for deposits in the sub-treasury at New York. The aggregate, up to the middle of November, reached upward of \$49,000,000, as against \$41,000,000 for the whole preceding year. Measures for improvement in the condition of the coinage, particularly of silver, have been effected, nearly \$1,000,000 of uncurrent coins in the Treasury having been restored to full weight. As a result of this and some special efforts in other directions, the amount of fractional silver in the Treasury has been much reduced. Many inquiries for silver specify the new coins. It is believed that the coins will be in circulation against all coins showing any signs of wear the Treasury would have long since been relieved of a good portion of its load of fractional silver. The Treasurer points out that this prejudice, in the case of silver coins, is altogether groundless, since they derive their currency not from weight, but from the stamp of the mint, and are received at the Treasury for full value as long as the stamp can be recognized, provided the loss of metal is due to natural wear.

Nearly \$67,000,000 in national bank notes have been redeemed, an amount much above the average, and deposits of new 2 per cent. bonds exceeded withdrawals of old bonds, and there was an issue of new notes amounting to about \$7,500,000. A statement prepared at the Treasury Department shows that there has been a net increase of \$12,789,909 in circulation since the 1st of November.

LACEY'S REPORT.

The Comptroller of the Currency on Banks and Banking.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] The annual report of Comptroller of the Currency Lacey shows that during the year ending October 31, 1891, new banking associations were organized with an aggregate capital of \$20,000,000, thus exhibiting a growth largely in excess of the annual average of past years. Forty-one associations went into voluntary liquidation and twenty-five became insolvent, leaving a net gain for the twelve months of 27. The number of banks in operation is 3894, having a capital stock of \$44,755,865. Bonds are deposited to secure a circulation of \$153,118,860. Bank notes outstanding are \$171,368,898, including \$35,430,771 represented by lawful money deposited for their redemption. Of these associations ninety-nine are located west of the Mississippi River, and ninety-five in the Southern States. There is a well-

distributed, however. New banks have been organized in forty-one States.

In number of failures, the present exceeds any previous year. Six banks which were closed during the year were restored by voluntary contribution of the shareholders. The affairs of 102 insolvent banks have been closed.

Attention is called to the necessity of legislation more clearly defining the duties of directors, also to the need of some further restriction upon accommodations which may be lawfully afforded to officers and directors by way of loans and discounts. The failures recorded are looked upon as a result of the collapse of the speculative spirit which has been generally prevalent for the past five years, greatly aggravated by the monetary stringencies experienced by most of the nations with which we sustain commercial relations.

WEATHER AND CROPS.

Temperatures and Rainfall During the Month of November.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] The monthly weather report bulletin says:

November has been colder than usual over the entire country east of the Rocky Mountains and warmer than usual west of the Rockies. Two cold waves during the month were attended by unusually cold weather, producing temperatures from 10° to 20° lower than ever previously recorded for this season of the year, and carried the frost line south over North-east Florida. During the month the precipitation was generally throughout the lake region and Dakotas, while less than usual on the coasts and from Texas north to Nebraska. Heavy rainfalls over the winter wheat region doubtless resulted in some benefit to crops, but not as much as expected owing to the recent low temperature, which has left the ground frozen. The warm wave now extending over the central valleys will cause thawing weather throughout the winter wheat region.

Secretary Foster Gaining Slowly.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Secretary Foster continues to improve slowly, but does not gain strength as rapidly as his friends expected. He will go to some point in the South early next week for a few days of recuperation before resuming his official duties.

Purchases of Silver.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—The Directors of the Mint today purchased 629,000 ounces of silver at figures ranging from 94.60 to 94.75 cents.

THE RUSSELL SCANDAL.

The Countess a Good Witness on Cross-examination.

Opening Speech for the Defendant—Earl Russell Assailed by a Mob Outside the Courtroom After the Adjournment.

By Telegram to the Times. LONDON, Dec. 2.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] Interest in the suit of Countess Russell against her husband, Earl Russell, for a judicial separation, was enhanced by the publication of the proceedings yesterday. Long before the opening of the court every seat was taken.

Immediately upon the opening of the case Sir Charles Russell took up his cross-examination at the point where it was broken off yesterday by the adjournment of the court. Sir Charles put many questions to the witness, regarding the relations between the Earl and Roberts, and tried in every way to lead her to contradict herself. The witness, however, persisted in the statements she made yesterday regarding Roberts. She also repeated the statements that she made concerning the information furnished her by the Dowager Countess Russell, Lady Agatha Russell, and Bolla Russell.

Dr. Gordon then took the stand and, in response to a question of Sir Charles, said the Countess was suffering from spasmodic dysmenorrhea, a disease often accompanied by hysteria. The Countess, however, was a strong-minded woman and the trouble was not likely to cause hysteria in her case.

The woman who found the Countess in a faint on the floor in her room testified that on this occasion she heard the Countess pleading with the Earl. Afterwards witness found her mistress lying naked on the floor. With the presentation of this testimony the evidence for the Countess closed.

Sir Charles Russell then spoke in defense. Sir Charles in substance said that he would limit himself to the broad issues of the case. The sole object of the present suit was to force the payment of alimony by the Earl. Sir Charles then proceeded to rebut the charges of cruelty. He asked the jury not to be carried away by a clever and engaging woman, telling them a story which was untrue in all its essential details—a woman so perverted as to put forward the Roberts incident in order to support herself by odious imputations. These imputations, Sir Charles declared, were made not only against the defendant but another man whose name and reputation might have been blasted by them had he not stood high in the opinion of his colleagues.

At this point the court adjourned. A mob surrounded the law courts at the close of the day's proceedings, and as the Earl left he was booed at and an attempt was made to strike him. The police endeavored to protect him, but the crowd was too powerful, and the Earl was obliged to seek refuge in the Temple. Being still followed, however, he jumped into a cab and succeeded in getting away, amid the jeers and hisses of the mob.

More Firebombs Arrested.

St. Paul, Dec. 2.—Julius Rosenthal and Miss Ida Gees were arrested today as accessories in the plots of the incendiary arrested last night. The evidence showed that Michaels and his accomplices have been engaged in their criminal work for the past year.

The Soldiers' Home. For some time past letters have been published regarding the management of the Soldiers' Home at Santa Monica, which are evidently intended to convey the impression to the outside world that a state of discontent, abuse and despotism exists in the institution. An inmate of the home, writes the Times to say that such is not the case; that there are some minor defects in the management of the home is true, but it is not the fault of the officers; nor is there any just cause for complaint on the part of the inmates. The officers of the home do everything in their power for the comfort and convenience of those under their charge, and aside from a few chronic grumblers there is no cause for complaint.

Know His Business.

[New York Weekly.]

First Citizen. How did you happen to build a house away out there on the old swamp road?

Second Citizen. That will be a magnificently paved boulevard before my house is finished. One of the city officials owns a lot there.

RAILROAD AFFAIRS.

The Southern Pacific Must Cut Down Commissions.

No More Advantage for the California Emigrant Bureau.

A Change of Curve on the Glendale Narrow Gauge.

The Santa Fe's Fruit Business Up North—A Fire Department for Pullman Cars—General, Local and Personal Mention.

As was noted at the time, the commissioners of the Western Traffic Association recently granted an application of the Southern Pacific road for authority to pay certain commissions on transcontinental emigrant business, amounting, it is said, to \$13 on tickets from New York to California. The granting of such authority gave the Southern Pacific an advantage which was designed to offset an alleged disadvantage in another direction. Since that time complaints have been made by other roads that they were unable to obtain their share of the emigrant business, because of the high commissions paid by the Southern Pacific and the Canadian Pacific, and the agitation became so great that the commissioners found it advisable to reopen the question. They had the matter under consideration at their meeting last week, and as a result Chairman Walker issued an order which it is thought will settle the difficulty. The commissioners decide that they made a mistake in allowing any transcontinental line an advantage in this respect, and that the commissions should be uniform. The order provides that, beginning forthwith, no commissions higher than \$3 from Chicago and \$2 from the Missouri River shall be paid on emigrant business to California. These are the amounts formerly paid, by agreement, by all the interested lines, but the agreement has been a dead letter for many months, and the roads have been taking such individual action as they pleased in competing for the traffic. This created a demoralization that resulted at last in a reduction of the rates themselves.

SCRAP HEAP.

The new time card of the Southern Pacific will take effect next Sunday, the 6th.

The Santa Fe obtained 785,670 pounds of last week's shipments from San José.

New Pullman cars are being fitted up with hose and fire-extinguishing apparatus, to be used in time of wrecks.

At all stations on the Southern Pacific lines through tickets to California have been placed on sale, but the through-car service is not yet inaugurated.

Word was received at the Santa Fe offices here yesterday that Joseph Medill, editor of the Chicago Tribune, will arrive in Los Angeles with a party in a private car on Saturday.

What are the further plans of Editor Medill are not known.

Today work will be begun on an improvement of the Glendale narrow gauge line of the Los Angeles Terminal Company. At the point where the narrow gauge leaves the railroad of the Pasadena line it makes an abrupt turn to West street, describing a 25° curve. This is too short a turn even for a dummy line and it will be bettered by relaying the track.

It is understood that the impending war in time between Kansas City and Chicago railroads is what has caused a corps of Chicago, Burlington and Quincy surveyors to be again put in the field for the purpose of again locating the route for the much-talked-of cut-off, a gap extending from a point near Bogard, Clay county, Mo. When this piece of road is constructed the Burlington will have a line thirty odd miles shorter than at present, or about the same distance as that of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, which is 45.4 miles. A very lively war is likely to result from the Atchison recently cutting its time.

"THE TIMES" CALENDAR. An Attractive Souvenir of the Decennial Anniversary.

The Times will celebrate its decennial anniversary by issuing a handsome souvenir calendar for 1892 for distribution among its friends and patrons. A large edition of this calendar will be published, a number of which will be on heavy cardboard for distribution among the business houses and offices of the city. These calendars will be ready in a few days, and will be sent out with the compliments of the paper.

The central and principal feature of the calendar is a photolithographic facsimile of a first page of The Times, which, by a process of reduction, can be easily read, each letter and punctuation mark being clear and distinct. Through a break in the paper a good-natured Los Angeles schoolboy, taken from life, is protruding his head and shoulders, and with hat in hand, is supposed to be announcing to spectators that he is "Ten years old, going on eleven." Forming a background for this is a portion of the granite front of The Times building, surmounted by the great gilded eagle which in a day or so will find a lodgment between the two towers on the First street front. Below is seen the large semi-circular window of the First street front, and to the left of it, upon a sheet tacked at an angle, is reproduced a perspective view of the entire building. The upper left hand corner is taken up with the emblems of the calendar months corrected for the year 1892, and pendant from the December card is another bearing the inscription "The Decennial Anniversary of The Times." The dates "December 4, 1881—December 4, 1891" follow upon the flowing end of the ribbon.

The calendar is of the size technically called half sheet, being 14 wide by 22 inches long. It is lithographed in four colors—black, blue, gray, red and salmon—and various tints made by their combination. It was lithographed by the Los Angeles Lithographic Company, from a design made by the artist of The Times. The photographs of the boy and the paper page were made by Steckel.

A Woman Tries It.

[New York Weekly.]

Husbands (sick at home.) Did you mail that letter I gave you? Wife (back from hurried shopping trip.) No, I forgot it until the last minute.

"It was very important." "Oh, it's all right. I gave it to a little boy who promised to give it to another little boy whose uncle lives next door to a letter carrier."

Might Tip Up.

[Chicago Herald.]

When the genial and ponderous editor of the Chicago Evening Journal reaches Bermuda, where he is to act as United States Consul, he should take the precaution of securing a seat as near the center of the island as possible. If he ventures too near the edge there is danger that the little island will capsize and become a second lost Atlantis for a future Ignatius Donnelly to philosophize about.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years Its Standard

DAILY EXCURSIONS

TO THE

HOTEL del CORONADO

Twenty-One Dollars.

Fare for a round trip ticket, including room and board for one week (with the privilege of the second week for \$10.00 additional) at America's grandest seaside resort.

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From Los Angeles, embracing railroad, street car, ferry and motor line charges, for sale at SANTA FE TICKET OFFICE, 138 N. Spring, or FIRST ST. DEPOT. For further particulars apply to T. D. YEOMANS, Agent, 138 S. SPRING ST., Los Angeles.

THE SAN DIEGO UNION,

ESTABLISHED 1863.

Its Los Angeles Office.

Has opened a new office at 138 South Spring St., between First and Second Sts., Los Angeles, where all advertisements and subscriptions will be received. It would respectfully state to business and professional men, hotel managers and others that the Union is the only morning paper or seven-day paper in San Diego higher than \$3 from Chicago and \$2 from the Missouri River shall be paid on emigrant business to California. These are the amounts formerly paid, by agreement, by all the interested lines, but the agreement has been a dead letter for many months, and the roads have been taking such individual action as they pleased in competing for the traffic. This created a demoralization that resulted at last in a reduction of the rates themselves.

Largest Circulation Guaranteed.

United Press Association. It is a welcome visitor to every home and counting room, and at every fireside it is looked upon as a valued friend and an honest adviser. No other city and county on the Pacific coast are so thoroughly covered by the circulation of one newspaper as this city and county by the Union.

The columns of the paper show the earnestness of its purpose, by the extensive thoroughness of its news gathering methods, its carefully written editorials and the exclusion from its columns of whatever is offensive to pure thought, or that might make it objectionable for entering the family circle. Most conclusive evidence of its purpose is the intelligent and discriminating patronage is the kind sought for.

EVERYBODY READS IT.

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HOTEL NADEAU.

EUROPEAN PLAN.

Strictly first-class; everything modern. First class, single and double rooms, with bath. 200 elegant rooms, 50 suites, with bath. Rates from \$1 per day upward. COR. SPRING AND FIRST, Los Angeles.

"REX" EXTRACT OF BEEF

Made from Prime Selected Beef, prepared with the most scrupulous cleanliness, and containing no artificial flavors. Nothing like it for Soups, Beef Tea, Hot Bouillon and gravies.

OTHERS ARE NOT

"The same" or "Just as good"

HOUSE PAINTING,

Kalsomining and Papering, STAR SIGN CO., 222 Franklin st.

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PRO BONO PUBLICO

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SAN PEDRO HARBOR.

Plans for Its Improvement Discussed.

An Address by Lieut. Meyler of the Engineer Corps.

What Has Been Done in the Past by the Government.

And What is Needed in the Future—The Increase in the Business of the Port—The Inner Harbor.

About 200 prominent citizens met in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce last evening in answer to a call from the president for a special harbor meeting of the chamber. President Wells presided and Secretary Willard was present.

Mr. Wells explained that the meeting was for the purpose of talking over the work that has been done by the Government at the inner harbor at San Pedro. Mayor Hazard stated that one reason why Congress has done nothing is because the people of Southern California have always demanded a large sum for another harbor, and he is of the opinion that if they will satisfy themselves with money sufficient for the inner harbor proper appropriations. The inner harbor is large enough for the present shipping if it is properly dredged so that large ships can come over the bar. A letter from Col. W. H. H. Benyard, of the United States Engineers Corps, was read by the secretary, in which he stated that it would be impossible for him to be present. In his letter he says: "The question of the selection of the location of a deep water harbor between the points Duma and Capistrano is now being considered by a board of engineer officers. It is expected that the report will be forwarded to Congress early in December."

Lieut. Meyler, who has charge of the work at San Pedro under Col. Benyard, was then called on by the chair and explained what has been done at the harbor since he took charge. He said:

I have been requested to address you this evening on the subject of the harbor facilities afforded at San Pedro. It has been my personal experience during the past two years, while in local charge of the harbor improvements and under the immediate orders of Col. W. H. H. Benyard, to find that the people of Los Angeles are very much divided in opinion as to what should be done in the direction of further improvements at this point. Some advocate the furthering of the outer harbor, formed by deep sea training walls and involving the expenditure of at least several million dollars, while others claim that smaller appropriations should be asked for, and the money be spent in improving the inner harbor by dredging, blasting and jetty walls. It is necessary for you to take on these points in this matter, and I will endeavor to assist you in doing so by laying before you certain facts and figures, showing the condition of the harbor in 1869, what improvements have been made since then and its condition today.

In 1869 what is now known officially as Wilmington harbor was a small estuary about three miles long, having its outlet in a shallow bay, divided from the bay of San Pedro by a bar. The water in this bay at mean low water, of 18 inches. It was narrow, deep channel, having, for 2 miles from its entrance, a depth of from 6 to 10 feet, and for the remainder of the distance, where its navigable portion ceased, a depth of, in places, only 3 or 4 feet. It was formed by the mainland on the west side and on the east by a narrow strip of sand, 8 to 10 feet above high water, and following along the sea line, about 3000 feet of broad flats bare at low water, and extending to the shore above low water to a height of 2 or 3 feet. These flats, in a partial degree, to cover the channel current, and to confine the ebb current between the bar and the shoal at the entrance of the estuary, compelled all passenger and freight traffic to be transferred to the mainland at San Pedro, to Wilmington by lighters. This bay was the best known of a number of roadsteads along the California coast and the only one that was safe for the larger commerce. It afforded a good anchorage and shelter for vessels during the greater part of the year and at the time of considerable commercial importance, as it was the outlet for the productive plains about Los Angeles and a large extent of country to the eastward, sufficiently great to sustain a fleet of steamships and sailing vessels of considerable size.

The estuary itself, although in its navigable parts small, in its depth being more than 100 feet, was encompassed by almost all sides by extensive flats, rising above low water about 2 feet, but covered by water at high tide, and extending for more than a mile above Wilmington. The area of the estuary and flats was about 2500 acres, and the average depth due to tides being 4 feet. This tidal ebb and flow was forced to an average depth of 2 feet, the quantity of water contained in one tidal prism would be about 216,000,000 cubic feet. This tidal ebb was forced by little by fresh water, as the San Gabriel River was dry, or almost so, during the greater part of the year, though liable to flood during high water in winter, its flood waters into the inlet. It was just as desirable, however, that the river should empty a continual volume, as its waters would bring with them, as its sand and debris, depositing it on the flats and in the channel, and thus shoaling the water and reducing the tidal area. To the south of the entrance, and about 10 miles from the mainland, lay Catalina Island, and rising from 1000 to 2100 feet above sea level and thus serving as an immense breakwater, protecting the entrance and the anchorage ground without from the southwestern sea. From the east side of Rattlesnake Island and around Deadman's Island to the westward, swept a strong current which carried any sediment brought out in the ebb tide to the shoals between the entrance and the bluff three-fourths of a mile to the west.

It will thus be seen that the estuary, in proportion to its size, had a large tidal area, and with its other advantages, features presented from an engineering point of view, a beautiful prospect of constructing an artificial inner harbor at a comparatively small cost. The engineer, in considering the practicability of any proposed construction, must know the tidal conditions of the harbor, adapt the design to the special circumstances of the case, and therefore any plans to be adopted for a harbor construction at Wilmington Harbor must depend for their success on the securing effect of the confined water of the tidal prism. The safety and preservation of such a harbor, and the course in the preservation of the tidal area, which is mainly made up of the extensive flats referred to, it being absolutely indispensable that they should not be expended so as to diminish the quantity of water to ebb and flow.

The object contemplated was to remove the shoal at the entrance, and to make the channel deeper, wider and straighter. The project proposed by Col. Mendell was to extend Rattlesnake Island by an artificial breakwater or breakwater, parallel to Deadman's Island, thus confining the waters of the bay to the narrow strip of sand, and the mainland and compelling the tide to find its exit between Deadman's Island and the shore, instead of escaping as then, all the way from Rattlesnake Island to Deadman's Island. This project required an appropriation of \$500,000, and from the work to be done a result of 10 feet depth of water on the inner bar was expected.

When Congress made its first appropriation of \$200,000, and work was begun in 1871 on the 8700 linear feet of timber and stone breakwater, that is now called the east jetty. In 1880 the 10 feet depth

of water on the inner bar was realized, but the growth of commerce at this port had outstripped the increase in depth and size of channel, and therefore a second project was proposed by Col. Mendell, requiring an additional appropriation of \$425,000, for the purpose of obtaining a depth on the inner bar of 16 feet at mean low water. Up to the present time fourteen appropriations have been made in furtherance of these two projects, amounting in all to \$904,000, \$51,000 short of the total amount asked for. The work of improvement of the harbor has been carried on as these appropriations have been made, and the present condition of the harbor, I think, attest to the fact that the results obtained are commensurate with the money expended.

Let us see what this present condition of the harbor is. On the east side we have 6700 linear feet of timber and stone breakwater; Rattlesnake Island has been extended 1300 feet to the south; and along the greater part of the remainder of the inner bar, a nucleus of sand and about the timber and stone work, making a strong and substantial artificial bank to Deadman's Island, thus confining the waters of the channel on this side. On the west side we have about 3300 linear feet of stone breakwater, which at the inner part serves to confine the waters that formerly ran out over the flats to the south of it, and in the southern part, by contracting the channel and running out near the outer bar, tends to scour out the inner bar and cause the outer bar to move farther seaward. The channel has deepened, widened and straightened. Where we had depths from 6 to 10 feet in 1871, we have now from 16 to 22 feet, and the depth of 18 inches on the bar has increased to at least 14 feet. And here it might be well to state for those who do not already know, that these depths are depths below mean low water, which is the average or mean plane to which low water falls as determined by a series of observations extending over many years. Knowing this fact, some of you will not be so surprised to hear that there are at present lying along the side the wharves in the inner harbor two four-masted schooners and a barkentine which had draughts when crossing the inner bar of 17 feet 6 inches, 18 feet 6 inches and 18 feet 3 inches respectively. Up to the present time about 133,000 tons of cargo have been placed in the breakwaters, and there have been excavated only about 177,000 cubic yards of material, about 58,000 cubic yards of which was stone from a ledge of rock crossing the channel at the inner bar. From a rough calculation, though, I estimate that at least 2,000,000 cubic yards of material have been removed from the channel, over nine-tenths of which have been done independently of dredging or blasting, but the result of construction alone—the channel scouring itself under the action of natural causes. The improvements have rendered it possible for the usual trading vessels of the coast to enter at this point safely and anchor, free of expense, and to deliver freight without the use of lighters. The total number of tons of exports and imports has increased tenfold since 1871, the collections of the port of Wilmington since 1882 have almost paid for the Government constructions and work in the harbor, and the present rates of 50 cents per 1000 feet of lumber and 75 cents per ton of merchandise were \$7.50 and \$5 respectively in 1871.

Knowing these facts, I hope, may assist you in determining the position to be taken on the question of furthering the project calls for a depth of water on the inner bar and in the channel of 16 feet, which, with the average rise of water due to tides of 4 feet, would give a depth of 20 feet, and the vessels drawing 20 feet of water. This depth of 16 feet has not yet been obtained, but with the work carried on during the past year, and the improvements proposed to do in the future I hope to see that result accomplished soon. The inner bar must be blasted and dredged; the outer bar made to move farther seaward, and the vessels drawing 20 feet of water. It would also be desirable to dredge the inner channel as far north as the middle ground, and to remove this middle ground, thus allowing long vessels that would have difficulty in turning between the wharves to turn about there.

During the past year we have dredged about 80,000 cubic yards of material from the channel between the wharf and Deadman's Island, and have built up from this jetty to a full jetty wall about 1000 feet of the west wall; we finished in October an extension of 800 linear feet to this same wall, and have just put in about 700 linear feet of stone wall to protect part of the original single wall. At present I am engaged in blasting the shale and portions of the inner bar, hoping in this way to loosen up and disintegrate the material of the bottom, so that it may be carried out by the strong current of the ebb tide. And to further improve this entrance we expect to construct a further extension of 600 or 800 feet to the west wall and also to construct a short wall on Deadman's Island about 300 or 400 feet. This will give us deeper water and a straighter channel and do away with the necessity of vessels making a turn of 180 degrees in passing from the inner harbor to all points to the north.

I hope that this outline sketch of the past and present conditions of the harbor and of the improvements made there will be of some help to you. It remains for you now to determine your course, as any recommendations made by the officers of the Engineer Corps must be made through the chief engineers. I readily recognize your interest in this most important matter to you, for almost all of the great questions and considerations relating to the industrial progress of this city and surrounding country are connected in some way with the harbor question.

My personal interest, however, is not in the harbor, but in the cost of the improvements. The Lieutenant was asked if he can tell how much it will cost to complete the inner harbor, but it is impossible for him to tell at the present time. They should have a depth of about twenty-two feet, and even at that depth dredging work probably have to be kept up every few years.

A vote of thanks was tendered Lieut. Meyler for his address.

H. Z. Osborne was then called on and gave some interesting facts surrounding the question in discussion. He is of the opinion that the people of Los Angeles should select one point for a harbor and make their fight for it before Congress, instead of quarrelling over the various localities that have been talked up by residents of the various sections. He said Lieut. Meyler has a high opinion, and stated that he has done excellent work during his administration. He is of the opinion that the inner harbor will be large enough to accommodate all the shipping for some years to come.

He then gave figures showing a wonderful increase of business during the past nine years. Ex-Congressman Vandever being present was called on and made a few remarks on the subject. Capt. Alinsworth of Redondo stated that a large vessel just discharged at his wharf at Redondo, and if she had not unloaded there she would have been compelled to go to San Diego, as she could not enter at San Pedro.

Lieut. Meyler stated that she could have entered at San Pedro.

Mayor Hazard spoke against the advisability of asking for an appropriation for an outer harbor and thought the Chamber should ask for a further

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Private diseases will be treated by our specialist, who has had years of experience at the famous Hot Springs of Arkansas. The treatment of the Berlin Medical Institute is the safest, best and surest known to modern medicine. We use no patent nostrums. Every prescription is made by our staff surgeon and carefully compounded in our laboratory by expert chemists. Patients are admitted in all parts of the country, are cordially invited to write us or call at our office for consultation and prescription free. A nominal charge only being made for medicine. Patients abroad, by writing us a thorough history of their case, will be successfully treated by mail. All consultations and communications are strictly confidential. Office hours from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Sundays, 10 a.m. to 12 noon, and 2 to 4 p.m. Address all communications to Lock Box No. 1894, or call at our office.

No. 107 N. Spring st., Los Angeles, Cal.

appropriation for the completion of the inner harbor. He moved that such is the sense of the meeting.

Hervey Lindzey thought nothing should be said about the outer harbor, and moved a substitute to the effect that an appropriation for the completion of the inner harbor be asked for. The motion was adopted.

On motion the chair appointed the following committee of five to memorialize Congress: H. Z. Osborne, Mayor Hazard, ex-Mayor W. H. Workman, Hervey Lindzey and James Cuzner. It was moved that the suggestion of Mr. Osborne, to the effect that steps be taken to make Los Angeles a port of delivery, be adopted.

The motion was put and carried, and the matter was referred to the proper committee.

RAMABAI CIRCLE.

The Annual Meeting to be Held Next Wednesday.

The annual meeting of the Ramabai Circle will occur next Wednesday at 3 p.m. at Temperance Temple. Reports of the school for the enlightenment and education of the child-widows of India, which has been established at Bombay by Pandita Ramabai, will be given. The popular belief of the superstitious Hindus is that the departed husband's happiness depends upon the conduct of his widow; if she lets her hair grow and wears a sari which will be tied down in bell; if she wears ornaments and pretty clothes, he will suffer from cold and nakedness; if she eats and drinks enough to satisfy her, her spectral husband is sure to starve. So she must be disgraced, must starve and her whole earthly happiness be sacrificed to make her husband happy in the other world. Fear that the very strict rules that now make widowhood such a burden that the suttee is preferable, will not be followed by the little widows of Los Angeles, is the chief obstacle in the way of their going. If educated they will find something which will make them wish to live, something to inspire them with hopes of a better, happier life. Hence, every obstacle is thrown in the way of their enlightenment.

There are 125 members in the Los Angeles circle, all of whom are doing something every year to help to lift this cloud of darkness from India.

Licensed to Wed.

Marriage licenses were issued at the County Clerk's office yesterday to the following persons:

Harry W. Hamer, a native of Illinois, 25 years of age, to Fannie Lee, a native of Missouri, 21 years of age, both residents of Compton.

Victor E. Benstead, a native of England, 22 years of age, to Sarah J. Theobald, also a native of England, 19 years of age, both residents of Lancaster.

Harry S. Riddle, a native of Ohio, 80 years of age, to Rose George, a native of Pennsylvania, 27 years of age; both residents of this city.

Edwin A. Humphrey, a native of Illinois, 32 years of age, to Ella A. Smith, a native of Ohio, 23 years of age; both residents of this city.

E. A. Smith, a native of Pennsylvania, 24 years of age, to Mamie C. Johnson, a native of Wisconsin, 20 years of age; both residents of this city.

George Hyatt, a native of Michigan, 32 years of age, to Maggie Healey, a native of California, 25 years of age; both residents of Barstow.

A Small Quantity of

Liebig Co.'s

Extract of Beef

Added to any Soup, Sauce or Gravy gives Strength and Fine Flavor.

Available in Improved and Economic Cookery. Makes cheapest, purest and Best Beef Tea.

B. SENS & SON,

Merchant Tailors,

Have Removed Their elegant quarters to

No. 205 Broadway

California Bank Building.

BEST OF FITS AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

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\$500 Reward!

WE will pay the above reward for any case of Liver complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, indigestion, Colic or Constipation, which can be cured by Dr. J. C. Smith's "LIVER PILLS," when the directions are strictly followed. They are purely vegetable, and do not give cathartic. Sugar coated. Each box containing 30 Pills. 50 cents. Reward of counterfeits. The genuine manufactured in U.S.A.

Sold by **H. M. SALE & SON.**

S. AKITA,

Manufacturer of

Bamboo Goods.

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SPECIAL DESIGNS MADE TO ORDER.

Also dealer in Japanese Fancy Goods.

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"A great invention has been made by Dr. T. H. Tuttt of New York. He has produced

Tuttt's Hair Dye

which instantly restores to perfection, it acts instantaneously and is perfectly harmless." Price, \$1.00. Office, 39 & 41 Park Place, N. Y.

DON'T BE DECEIVED

by dealers who try to sell you this precious hair dye for more than the genuine Tuttt's Hair Dye, which is sold by the voluntary testimonials of over 5,000 persons. Beware of cheap imitations as the best. Take nothing but BENSON'S.

W. BAKER & CO.'S

Breakfast Cocoa

from which the excess of oil has been removed, is Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.

No Chemicals

are used in its preparation. It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

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WARRANTED "APHRODITINE" or money refunded to cure GUARANTEED to cure any form of venereal disease or any disorder of the generative organs of either sex. Circular free. Address: **THE APHRODITINE MEDICINE CO.** 100 N. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.

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Do Boys' Shoes wear out in a week? They do not if you buy the "STAR" Brand. "School-boys' Pride," the best shoe ever made for the money. Sold only by the

Gibson & Tyler Co.,
142-144 NORTH SPRING ST.

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Only ones in the city. Nice Holiday Presents. Feather Cards, Rag Figures, Mexican Onyx, Pottery, all kinds, Mexican Filigree Jewelry, Opals, \$1 to \$100, Moss, Fern and Flower Books, Shells, Minerals, Paintings and other Souvenirs, Indian Baskets, Blankets, etc.

Campbell's Curiosity Store,
223 SOUTH SPRING ST.

GABRIEL THE TAILOR

REMOVED TO

250 S. Spring St.

IMMENSE REDUCTIONS.

Pants to Order, \$3.50 to \$12.

Suits to Order, \$15.00 to \$40.

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The L. J. Rose Sunny Slope Ranch and Winery has a national reputation. A portion of this famous ranch has been put on the market in small tracts at low prices and easy terms. For further particulars call on

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The Full Prospectus of Notable Features for 1892 and Specimen Copies will be sent Free.

Brilliant Contributors.

Articles have been written expressly for the coming volume by a host of eminent men and women, among whom are The Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone—Count Ferdinand de Lesseps—Andrew Carnegie—Cyrus W. Field—The Marquis of Lorne—Justin McCarthy, M.P.—Sir Lyon Playfair—Frank R. Stockton—Henry Clews—Vassil Verestchagin—W. Clark Russell—The Earl of Mordaunt—Dr. Lyman Abbott—Camilla Urso—Mrs. Henry M. Stanley, and One Hundred Others.

The Volume for 1892 will contain

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| Nine Illustrated Serial Stories. | 100 Stories of Adventure. | The Best Short Stories. |
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700 Large Pages. Five Double Holiday Numbers. Illustrated Weekly Supplements. Nearly 1000 Illustrations.

"A Yard of Roses"

To New Subscribers who will cut out and send us this slip with name and address and \$1.75 we will send the Companion Free to Jan. 1, 1892, and for a Full Year from that date. This offer includes the 1891 GIVING, CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR'S Double Holiday Numbers. We will also send a copy of a beautiful painting entitled "A YARD OF ROSES." Its production has cost TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. Send Check, Postnote Order, or Registered letter at our risk. Address THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, Boston, Mass.

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Furniture, Carpets, Oil Cloth, Linoleums, Mattings, Shades, Draperies.

See ad. in yesterday's TIMES of

Gunn Folding Bed.

See our new Portier Curtains just arrived. Another carload of Gunn Folding Beds received. New Patterns, Carpets, Furniture, etc., arriving daily.

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Magnificent Fruit Land at \$100 PER ACRE—\$100 With Water Right.

The Kingston Tract is part of the famous Jurupa Ranch in San Bernardino county, and lies just north of the Santa Ana River, midway between Riverside and Chino.

The soil is a rich, sandy loam, easily worked, and of a similar character to Riverside, the elevation being about the same.

The world-wide reputation of this section for orange growing needs no puffing, and parties in search of citrus land at bottom prices will hesitate to buy in this tract when once they see the land and surroundings.

The Chino Factory is within easy distance—about 6 miles in a direct line. Parties will find some of this land well adapted for raising sugar beets.

Two inches of water will be needed to every ten acres of land and an interest of a life proportion in the fifteen-mile irrigation canal.

We are prepared to contract to set out land for ten residents and take care of it for three years at a small extra charge, so that persons now in business or otherwise occupied can reap the advantages of a growing orchard without the toil of tending the ranch themselves, and know exactly what will be the cost.

The price (now) is \$100 per acre, but this low figure will only hold good for a short time as the two months' closing sale is drawing near.

The terms are very liberal: One-half cash, balance in ten years at 6 per cent interest; or, if purchasers prefer, they can pay 5 per cent discount will be allowed on deferred payments.

Clubs or colonies buying fifty acres or more will have special inducements and terms offered. Agents liberally dealt with. For further particulars apply to

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The Eminent Chinese Physician.

Dr. Woh's life work has been from early youth one of persistent and untiring observation, study and investigation, as fully as lay in his power to perfect himself in all branches of the art of healing human sickness and disease. Born in China, of illustrious parents, of a family whose ancestors have been for generations universally renowned as leading physicians. Dr. Woh naturally followed in the footsteps of his fathers. In China he has practiced his profession for several years, being at one time a physician in the Imperial Hospital, and in America for a long time. His great number of patients, his wonderful and many cures, and the great list of letters from grateful and thankful patrons now prove him to be a remarkable and successful healer of sickness and all diseases.

For a long time I have been suffering with bladder and kidney troubles. No doctoring or medicines seemed to do me good. I consulted the best physicians and surgeons in Los Angeles city. They gave me morphine and drugs, but no relief could I obtain. After suffering great pain and having almost lost my mind, I was almost choked. I fourteen days ago began using Dr. Woh's medicines. Today I am perfectly well. I do not consider Dr. Woh the most successful physician in Southern California.

October 18, 1891.

I have tried many doctors for heart disease but have failed. No one until Dr. Woh, the Chinese physician, of Los Angeles City, prescribed for me. I began his treatment and can now certify that he has done me great good. I recommend Dr. Woh to my friends as an able doctor. P. E. KING, Justice of the Peace, Burbank, Cal.

October 30, 1891.

In Cleveland, O., many months ago I caught a severe cold which settled on my lungs, terminating in asthma. The doctors said there was no hope of my recovery, but that a change to California might prolong my life. February last I came to San Bernardino and doctors there, finally Dr. Woh was recommended to me by a friend. I took his medicine and in a few days I was cured. Today I am perfectly well. MISS GRACE M. WELLS, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Dr. Woh has hundreds of similar testimonials, but space alone prevents further publication of them.

Dr. Woh is the oldest and best-known Chinese Physician in Southern California. His many cures have been remarkable, involving Fevers, Troubles, Tumors and every form of disease. All communications will be regarded as strictly confidential. His consultation to every one and all are cordially invited to call upon Dr. Woh at his office, 227 SOUTH MAIN STREET, bet. Second and Third streets, Los Angeles Cal.

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Couches, Mattresses and Stoves. Prices low for spot cash or will sell on installment.

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Men's Velvet Embroidered Slippers, \$1 and upwards.

Given Away! Given Away!

Handsome dolls, undressed kid dolls, bisque, rubber and indestructible dolls, tea sets, drums, big and little; locomotives, trains of cars, baby carriages, velocipedes, rocking horses, tool chests, parlor and bedroom sets, Noah's arks, monkeys; kitchen furniture, animals, fancy boxes, clocks, figures, vases, bisque ornaments, puzzles, trumpets, tinware, Christmas cards, Morocco velvet and plush albums, autographic albums, tops, marbles, cigar cases, card cases, cigarette cases, jewel cases, fancy work boxes, mechanical toys, base balls, horns, novel games, wagons, horses, walking sticks, Japanese ware—anything and everything in the toy line.

YOU CAN BUY

A pair of Ladies' fine Dongola Kid Boots at Lewis' for \$2.00 and get handsome presents free.

You can buy Ladies' Dongola Kid Patent Tip Button Shoes for \$3.00 and get handsome presents free.

You can buy Men's handsome French Calf Shoes for \$4.50, worth \$8.00; and get handsome presents free.

You can buy Infants' Kid Button Shoes for 50c and get handsome presents free.

A Velvet Embroidered Slipper for only \$1.
A present with every purchase.

of CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

Toys Free! Toys Free!

In accordance with Lewis' annual custom, the thirteenth anniversary of the great free distribution of toys will begin SATURDAY, December 5, 1891, and continue until January 1, 1892. For thirteen years the little ones of Los Angeles and vicinity have been made happy by

LEWIS' FREE DISTRIBUTION OF CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

Parents have been saved large sums of money and many homes gladdened by the advent of toys that, but for Lewis' sale, would have never known a Christmas gift. Every purchaser gets a handsome present free. Parents, your children and yourselves need shoes! Buy them at Lewis' and you not alone save money on your shoes, but you get almost as many Christmas gifts as your shoes cost. See Lewis' toy display. It is equal to any exhibit of its kind in Southern California.

WANTED—Several competent shoe salesmen at once. Apply early.



Men's Velvet Embroidered Slippers, \$1 and upwards.

Holiday Slippers

Ladies, your husbands, sweethearts and gentlemen friends will appreciate a pair of Handsome Slippers as a Christmas gift.

See Our Display.

Over 100 styles in velvet and leather.

7000 pairs consigned to us to be sold at once. Slippers from 75c upwards. Drop in and make your selections now and have them laid aside for you until Christmas.

Country Order Department.

Purchasers living at a distance can have their mail orders promptly filled. Handsome presents accompany each mail order.

One Price, Plain Figures,
and Presents Free.

EMBROIDERED Velvet Slippers only \$1.
A present with every purchase.

LEWIS, ORIGINATOR OF LOW PRICES.

201 NORTH SPRING STREET.



CITY BRIEFS

There is an undelivered telegram at the Western Union Telegraph office for B. Bend.

The Times press-room will be open to visitors today after 3 p.m. and this evening. Work on the Decennial Anniversary Number will be in progress.

Mrs. Sophie A. Knight yesterday entered complaint at the police station against a man for defrauding her out of room rent. The police are investigating the case.

All of the teams that will take part in the international tug-of-war are training hard, and from the interest manifested the contest promises to be an interesting one.

The fight to a finish between Dan Mahoney and Sully Smith, the banian weights, will take place in the Pastime Club rooms this evening. It promises to be a lively fight.

So far the members of the American Protective League have received no notice in regard to dues, and they are talking about attending to Boston to find out what is the matter.

Dr. Hutchins, the pastor, has secured pledges for the entire amount necessary to pay off the debt on the Congregational Church. Thirty thousand dollars is the sum required.

The commissioners for the opening of streets have filed their report for the opening of Los Angeles street, from Seventh to Washington. The net damages to be paid is \$9855.89. The cost of the proposed improvement ranges from 25 cents to \$1 per front foot in the property.

Kormis, the Slavonian, who is accused, with his partner, of the murder of Night Watchman Lester last Sunday morning, and was dangerously wounded, was no better yesterday. Most of the food taken by the wounded man comes out through the bullet hole in his chest. It will be remembered that he was shot in the jaw, and the bullet passed through his throat and was cut out in his chest.

Nathaniel Boucher, night mail carrier No. 31, has a fine new cart made to order and costing him \$100. The cart is painted to match the mail boxes. It is the most complete vehicle in the way of a mail cart yet out. The seat is directly in the center, a little back of the axle, to which it is connected by a goose neck. There is no weight upon the horse's back, the cart balancing perfectly.

John Haynes called at the police station yesterday afternoon and stated that a week ago a Chinaman named Sam Chung, who is a vegetable peddler, left a horse and cart with him at his place on Fourth and Fuller streets. The Chinaman told him that he was going to San Pedro to collect some money and would be back the next day, but he has not yet returned, and Haynes is afraid that the Chinaman has been made away with.

Rev. Dr. S. J. McPherson of Chicago, at the instance of a number of associates prominent in religious circles, will correspond with the individuals and societies in the various denominations with a view of having a conference of delegates from all parts of the country to arrange for a religious exhibit at the World's Fair.

PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Regular Monthly Meeting of the Board of Directors.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Public Library was held yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock. There were present Directors Davies, Howard and President Dobinson.

Bills to the amount of \$1440.23 were approved and ordered paid.

The librarian, Miss Kelso, reported that the total book circulation for the month was 25,957, the circulation on Saturday, November 28, being 1498. There were 280 new books added and 555 new members, making a total membership of 5758.

The Committee on Attendants reported that twelve applicants for the position of library pupil had been examined as to their qualifications, and the appointment of six from that number was recommended.

A communication was received from the Ladies' Library Association from Boyle Heights offering to deliver and return books once a week from the library to their reading rooms for the convenience of members of the public library living in Boyle Heights for the sum of \$10 per month, which proposition was accepted by the Board of Directors.

A resolution was passed that a communication be addressed to the City Council protesting against the erection of a building on the north side of the City Hall, on the ground that it would deprive the library patrons of light and air in the reading rooms, and proximity of a police station would be highly undesirable on account of the thousands of women and children who visit the library every week.

The board then adjourned.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. L. M. Clark and Miss Clark of Pasadena are guests at the Hollenbeck.

John L. Sullivan and party will be at the Hollenbeck during their stay in the city.

Myron Angel of San Luis Obispo is in the city, stopping at No. 130 South Grand avenue.

W. H. Sutich, of the firm of Orr & Sutich, who has been absent in San Francisco for the past ten days on business, returned home yesterday.

WINEBURGH'S, 309-311 S. Spring st.

For the Holidays.

Nothing is more appropriate than photographs. Get them at Schumacher's, No. 107 N. Spring street. Cabinets 8 per dozen.

NEW FEATURES at the Waxworks.

GREAT ALLIANCE to the Waxworks.

DRINK DELBECK CHAMPAGNE. H. J. Woolcott Agent.

Columbus Buggies.

Of these celebrated vehicles we receive a carload every five weeks. Another car just received, new styles. Call and inspect them at the old Courthouse. HAWLEY, KING & CO.

New York Millinery.

Our millinery department is now full of New York's latest styles in that line. Goods to suit all classes of trade, cheap, medium and fine. It is surprising to see how cheap such fine goods can be sold when carefully handled; strictly one price. All orders promptly attended to. New York Bazaar, 148 North Spring street.

Frank X. Egler, Piano tuner and repairer, 315 W. Second st.

F. W. KRINGEL'S Piano touch regulator, 106 N. Spring street.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER OFFICE, LOS ANGELES, Dec. 2, 1891.—At 5:05 a.m. the barometer registered 30.08; at 5:17 p.m. 30.07. Thermometer for corresponding hours showed 50° and 58°. Maximum temperature 66°; minimum temperature, 47°. Cloudless.

Oysters, fish, game, fruit, of all description, you can get it, the very finest there is, at the Koster Cafe.

Only 92 hours Los Angeles to Chicago by the Santa Fe route. Corresponding quick time to all Eastern cities. Through Pullman palace and tourist sleeping cars daily. Personally conducted tourist car excursion to Boston and intermediate points weekly. Ticket office 139 North Spring street, Los Angeles, and Santa Fe depot.

The great silverware sale in progress at 215 South Broadway by the Pacific Loan Company has been the sensation of the season. The interest in it is by no means confined to the city. Buyers are coming daily from all quarters, and the excitement is higher now than it has been at any time yet.

The goods, unquestionably, are of the best quality, and are selling at just one-half the original prices. This puts them within the reach of nearly everybody, and affords an opportunity to buyers for the holidays, especially, that is rarely met with. The sales have been enormous, but the stock was so large to begin with that there are plenty of desirable things left.

(Changed every day.)

On the Bargain Counter Today

At Wineburgh's.

Today we start a special sale of remnants of dress goods. During our late fifteen days sale we accumulated a large lot of short lengths and dress lengths, one of a kind. We cannot keep such stock on hand, so we have marked them at a price that will close them out at once. The lot comprises black, colored and fancy dress goods of various lengths and qualities, so that all can be suited. As there is only one of a kind you cannot find them elsewhere.

We place on our bargain counter—Small bisque dolls, full dressed, with shoes and stockings, movable limbs as heads, with hair, at 25 cents each.

Eighteen-inch dolls, indestructible head, imitation shoes, 25 cents each.

Ladies' black saten skirts, with yak lace trimming, 41 cents each.

White Japanese silk handkerchiefs, scalloped and embroidered, 25 cents each.

Boy's gray merino vests and pants, large sizes, 25 cents each.

Gents' heavy scarlet all-wool shirts and drawers, 41 cents each.

Don't fail to attend our sale of dress goods remnants.

Ladies' black all-wool seamless cashmere hose 25 cents a pair.

Marshall's linen thread 3 cents a spool.

Three-and-a-half inch wide fancy upholstery fringe, four combinations, is cents a yard.

Imported fancy yarn and Shetland flees, all colors, 15 cents a hank.

Forty-inch checked ladies' cloth, grays and browns, 25 cents a yard.

Our sale of remnants today should interest you.

WINEBURGH'S, 309-311 S. Spring st.

For the Holidays.

Nothing is more appropriate than photographs. Get them at Schumacher's, No. 107 N. Spring street. Cabinets 8 per dozen.

NEW FEATURES at the Waxworks.

GREAT ALLIANCE to the Waxworks.

A gold dollar is worth 100 Cents Our Dress Goods Department IS BOOMING

North, South, East or West.

We have never been able to buy one for less. This fact should be considered by the would-be owner of an orange grove. A good thing: costs money, and is always the cheapest in the end. We are in receipt of dozens of letters inquiring why we are giving away yet more for Alessandro Land, while there are thousands of acres advertised in full length columns or as many newspapers at less than half the price. Our reply is:

Ours are Gold Dollars.

That never sell below par.

No prudent man will invest his money in any of these wildcat schemes, promising great returns for a small outlay; they are very enticing to the wary toiler on the stony farms of the East, looks well on paper, but never materialize; you put your money in but never get it back.

If you are coming to Southern California for health, profit, or both, you want to invest your money where there is not the least possible chance of failure. That place is

ALESSANDRO,

Which has everything in its favor: The most beautiful location; the finest climate in the world; the best soil; the best water right of any irrigation district in Southern California, and one of the strongest Companies back of it in the State, composed of men of unlimited means and business capacity, who have made a success of everything they have undertaken. Alessandro also owes its success not only to above, but largely to the character of the man who have come there to make it their future homes. A class of thrifty, intelligent, industrious men, who have already made their presence felt; and are living there today in moderate luxury, comfort and good health. With such a class of settlers already on the land and constantly arriving, we predict that

IN FOUR YEARS' TIME

Alessandro will be the Model City of Southern California.

He who invests his money today in Alessandro lands takes no chances and makes no mistakes. The price is still \$100 per acre. Every newcomer, every new length of pipe, every dollar laid out in improvement, increases the value of every acre of the tract. While you sleep your land grows in value. People, "plenty of them," are rich today who bought land in Redlands four years ago, simply by the advance. He who buys Alessandro land at \$100 per acre will reap the same reward and more, for the advance will be more rapid and sure. Full description, particulars, maps, etc., sent on application to

THEODORE CLARK, Manager, Land Dept., Office of the Bear Valley Irrigation Co., Redlands, Cal.

Physician and Surgeon.

DR. HONG SOI, CONSULTATION FREE.

Natural Herb Doctor.

Physician and Surgeon.

DR. HONG SOI has graduated and received his diploma from the Medical schools and Universities in Canton and made his first professional practice for many years in the hospitals of Canton and Hong Kong, China. He is the sixth of a generation of doctors in his family and has made thorough studies of all diseases of the human body. The doctor has had wide experience as a physician and during his long stay of six years in Los Angeles, has made many skillful cures. The doctor cures Consumption, Rheumatism, Asthma, Catarrh, Bile, Headaches, Indigestion, Weakness, Nervous Troubles, and all diseases that the human body is heir to, by his herb medicine, freshly prepared every day. It would be a benefit to those who are in trouble with sickness to give him a trial; his terms are very reasonable. The doctor uses a thousand kinds of medicines which he directly imports from China. Hundreds of voluntary testimonials from patients who have been cured by this doctor can be shown at his office. Please remember the above address and preserve this advertisement.

817 S. BROADWAY, NEAR THIRD, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

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817 S. BROADWAY, NEAR THIRD, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Our Dress Goods Department IS BOOMING

Owing to the fact that this department is at its best now, being crowded with the very choicest fall and winter goods that money could buy, and all of which are being now offered at a tremendous sacrifice in price.

Black Goods This Week!

The most tempting prices will rule for goods just received, and which are far ahead of anything yet seen in Los Angeles.

40-inch black all-wool Serge, 48c, 50c and 51c.

40-inch black Henrietta, 48c, 50c and 51c.

40-inch black and white Stripes, 50c to 51c.

40-inch black and white Stripes, 50c to 51c.

40-inch black Polka Dot, 48c.

Black embroidered Cashmere Suits, special, 47.50 to 52.00.

Black fancy Camel's Hair Suits, special, 51.00 to 52.50.

Ask to see our 56-inch black "Cravenette," guaranteed thoroughly waterproof. The name "Cravenette" is stamped on every yard throughout the piece. The above goods must be seen to be appreciated, and comparison is an absolute necessity, in order to show their unprecedented values at the prices quoted. Our exquisite fall and winter stocks of carriage and street suit patterns (shaggy and long-haired goods predominating) must be sold this season, accordingly all are now being offered at ruinously low prices. You will certainly do yourselves a great injustice if you fail seeing those specially commendable lots.

Stamping Done Free with all Purchases Made.

Frank, Gray & Co.

COR. SPRING AND THIRD STS.

Special Excursion

To Gila Bend, Arizona

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1891.

THE GILA BEND RESERVOIR AND IRRIGATION COMPANY OF ARIZONA HAVE 250,000 Government land under their canal system, subject to entry under the Homestead Act, which can be secured for \$10.75 per acre, including a perpetual water right of acres. These lands are adapted to the raising of citrus fruits, as well as all other common to a semi-tropical climate. This is an exceptional opportunity for persons means to secure a home that in a few years will become very valuable. For full particulars apply to

General Agent, Gila Bend Reservoir and Irrigation Co., 138 S. Spring st., Los Ang.

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC Steamship Line.

The First-class American Steel Steamer

.....MINEOLA.....

(3500 tons register)

Will be dispatched from San Francisco for New York (via San Diego) on November 23, 1891, to be followed by steamers "Mackinac" and "Keweenaw."

For information apply to CHILDS & WALTON, Agents, 211 S. Main st., Los Angeles.

PIONEER TRUCK NO. 3 MARKET STREET.

Piano, Furniture and Safe Morage and Freight delivered at address. Telephone 137.

EAGLE STAB 129 SOUTH STAD

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES.
LOS ANGELES, Dec. 3, 1931.

Trade in dried fruits continues very dull. Some dealers say they are doing absolutely nothing in this line, while others report only a few sales. In a review of the situation the Grocer and Country Merchant says:

"There is no special movement to record in dried fruits for the past week, and the indications are that activity will not be very pronounced in the near future. Stocks of many, if not most, descriptions have been already reduced to levels below common peaches and perhaps ordinary apples, there are few varieties in what can be termed excessive supply, considering that next season is a long way ahead. The firmness of the market is still confined largely to prunes, and activity for this fruit quite fair, and a large proportion of the crop now out of the growers' hands. Plums, pitted, are in fairly good supply, but pitted receive little attention. The market for peaches shows little life, although there is some inquiry observable for the cheaper grades, but at the moment the market is probably that some of this fruit will have to be carried late into the season, if not into next crop year. Apples of the most desirable quality are not coming to the market to any great extent at present, but values show no quotable improvement. Apples meet with little inquiry, hardly any on other than local account. Pears are in slim request. Pigs are not plentiful and are mostly of quite ordinary quality, while the higher grades are mainly sought for. Grapes are not meeting with much custom, and bid fair to lie quiet for the balance of the season."

Eggs were weaker and lower today. Other quotations are unchanged.

Money, Stocks and Bonds.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Money—On call, easy; closing offered at 3 1/2 per cent. **FEDERAL RESERVE BANK**—500,000. **STOCKS**—Exchange—Steady. 60-day bills, 4 1/2; demand, 4.84. **NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—The stock market** was dull. The bearish pressure continued, being especially marked in Missouri Pacific, Atchafalpa, Northern Pacific, and Erie. Oil and Mississippi lost yesterday's gain. Lake Shore, Burlington and Union Pacific were strong, especially in the late trading. The market closed strong, most stocks showing small fractional gains for the day. **Government bonds** were firm.

New York Stock and Bond.

[In the quotations below, where two sets of figures appear, those "Central Pacific, 84-1/2," the first figures refer to the noon quotations, and the last to the closing quotations.]

| Stock | Price | Stock | Price |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------|
| Atchafalpa | 42 1/2-43 | Or. Nav. | 70-73 |
| Am. Oil | 38 1/2-39 | Or. S. L. | 32 |
| Am. Express | 116 1/2-117 | Pac. 8 | 108 |
| Am. Pac. | 38 1/2-39 | P. M. | 37-37 1/2 |
| Am. South. | 61 1/2-62 | Pull. Pac. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. Tel. & Tel. | 101 1/2-102 | Reg. | 38 1/2 |
| Am. T. & T. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. | 72 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 2d pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 3d pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 4th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 5th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 6th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 7th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 8th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 9th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 10th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 11th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 12th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 13th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 14th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 15th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 16th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 17th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 18th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 19th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 20th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 21st pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 22nd pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 23rd pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 24th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 25th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 26th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 27th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 28th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 29th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 30th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 31st pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 32nd pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 33rd pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 34th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 35th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 36th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 37th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 38th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 39th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 40th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 41st pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 42nd pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 43rd pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 44th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 45th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 46th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 47th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 48th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 49th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 50th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 51st pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 52nd pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 53rd pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 54th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 55th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 56th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 57th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 58th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 59th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 60th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 61st pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 62nd pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 63rd pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 64th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 65th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 66th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 67th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 68th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 69th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 70th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 71st pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 72nd pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 73rd pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 74th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 75th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 76th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 77th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 78th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 79th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 80th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 81st pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 82nd pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 83rd pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 84th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 85th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 86th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 87th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 88th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 89th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 90th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 91st pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 92nd pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 93rd pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 94th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 95th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 96th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 97th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 98th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 99th pref. | 78 1/2 |
| Am. U. S. S. | 101 1/2-102 | R. G. W. 100th pref. | 78 1/2 |

Produce.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—WHEAT—Was weak; buyer, season, 1.90%; buyer, year, 1.83. **BARLEY**—Buyer, season, 1.91%; buyer, year, 1.14%. **CORN**—1.45.

Fruits.

HUCKLEBERRIES—100 lb. per bush. **CRAB APPLES**—700 lb. per bush. **APPLES**—300 lb. per bush. **GRAPES**—300 lb. per bush. **POMEGRANES**—100 lb. per bush. **PEARS**—300 lb. per bush. **PEACHES**—300 lb. per bush. **PLUMS**—300 lb. per bush. **CHERRIES**—300 lb. per bush. **RAISINS**—300 lb. per bush. **DATE FRUITS**—300 lb. per bush. **FIGS**—300 lb. per bush. **OLIVES**—300 lb. per bush. **WALNUTS**—300 lb. per bush. **ALMONDS**—300 lb. per bush. **CANOLAS**—300 lb. per bush. **COCONUTS**—300 lb. per bush. **MACADAMIA NUTS**—300 lb. per bush. **PINENUTS**—300 lb. per bush. **PECANS**—300 lb. per bush. **STACONUTS**—300 lb. per bush. **WALNUTS**—300 lb. per bush. **ALMONDS**—300 lb. per bush. **CANOLAS**—300 lb. per bush. **COCONUTS**—300 lb. per bush. **MACADAMIA NUTS**—300 lb. per bush. **PINENUTS**—300 lb. per bush. **PECANS**—300 lb. per bush. **STACONUTS**—300 lb. per bush. **WALNUTS**—300 lb. per bush. **ALMONDS**—300 lb. per bush. **CANOLAS**—300 lb. per bush. **COCONUTS**—300 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